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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.

VOL. XXXV NO. 168 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

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AFGHAN NOTE TO BRITAIN

Frontier People's Right To Self-Determination Stressed

KABUL, July 15 (U.P.A.): The demand that the Afghans in the North-West Frontier Province be given the right to determine freely their future destiny was contained in a Note submitted to the British Foreign Office by the Afghan Minister in London, according to the newspaper "Daily Islah." The newspaper said the demand followed discussions held between the Afghan Foreign Minister and the British Legation at Kabul.

Stating that the issue was still being discussed between Foreign Ministry officials and the British Legation here, "Daily Islah" said there was no justification for wanting the Afghans living beyond the border (N.W.F.P.) to join either Hindustan or Pakistan. The paper said the Afghans in this area were entitled to the same right as that given the peoples of Hindustan and Pakistan in the matter of deciding their future.

The paper said the Afghans had remained in British India as a result of treaties entered into between Britain and Afghanistan and that these treaties lost their validity with the departure of the British from India. The paper said it was known to the British Government that these treaties were dissolved.

The paper said the Afghanistan Government was ready to establish favourable relations with both the Dominions of Pakistan and India, but added that it was not prepared to bind itself to these Dominions on the basis of the treaties which have been terminated.

Asserting that Afghanistan has racial relations with the Afghans over the border, "Daily Islah" expressed the hope that they would be given the freedom to remain independent.

VICEROY SUMMONS SIR C. P. TO DELHI

TRIVANDRUM, July 15, (A.P.I.) It is understood that in response to a communication from H. E. the Viceroy to His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore intimating that the Viceroy would like to have consultations with Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar, the Dewan is proceeding within the next three or four days to Delhi for a very short stay.

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar will return to Trivandrum in time for Siree Swati Tirunal Centenary celebrations beginning on July 25.

TRAVANCORE'S GAG ORDER

TRIVANDRUM, July 15. (A.P.I.): The Travancore Government have decided that public meetings should henceforth be held only after obtaining permission from the District Magistrate concerned.

A press note issued today announcing this says:

"In order to enable all parties to reflect over the situation and allow heated feelings to subside, the Government have decided that public meetings should take place henceforth, and until further orders, only after the issue of permits by District Magistrates in that behalf. The District Magistrates, in consultation with the parties and police, will grant these permits only on their being satisfied that all precautions have been, and can be, taken to avoid untoward occurrences and breaches of peace".

Verghese To Arrive In City Today

MADRAS, July 15, (A.P.I.): Mr. Verghese, the Travancore State Congress leader, leaves for Bombay by air tomorrow "en route" to Delhi.

Hyderabad State Congress Demands

HYDERABAD, DECCAN, July 15. (API.) The Hyderabad State Congress was wholly for maintaining the integrity of the state with responsible Government under the aegis of the Nizam. Isolation of Hyderabad from the rest of India would be opposed by the State Congress. These two points were emphasised by Swami Ramananda Tirtha, president of the Hyderabad State Congress, at a press conference today.

Indian High Commissioner's Office

NEW DELHI, July 15 (API.) The Governor-General has decided that the administrative control of the office of the High Commissioner for India in the United Kingdom should be transferred from the Commerce Department to the External Affairs and Commonwealth Relations Department, says a press 'communique'.

STOP PRESS

TWO MONTHS EXTENSION FOR BRITAIN

WASHINGTON, July 15, (A.P.A.): The United States announced that it has granted Britain a two months extension of time to arrange to pay her current trade debts to pay 14 nations in United states dollars if those naions ask for dollars instead of pounds.

'Quit India' Oratory In Commons

HOPE OF FEDERATION THROUGH PARTITION

Indian Independence Bill Goes To Lords

The House of Commons on Tuesday passed without a division the Third Reading of the Indian Independence Bill and sent it to the House of Lords for final action later this week.

Following the unanimous vote speedy action by the House of Lords is expected, so that the measure can be ready for the Royal assent this week.

ATTLEE WINDS UP DEBATE

LONDON, July 15, (Reuter): The Indian Independence Bill which will create the two new Dominions of India and Pakistan on August 15 was given its Third Reading without division in the House of Commons tonight, after just over three and three quarter hours of debate.

Prime Minister Clement Attlee, winding up the discussion in which goodwill to India was the dominant note on all sides of the house was cheered as he declared that the Indians could count on "the utmost sympathy and help from Britain without the slightest degree of patronage."

He was hopeful that PARTITION WOULD RESULT IN A FEDERATION in which the parts would have full scope and at the same time unity.

Thanking Parliament for realising the urgency of the legislation Mr. Attlee said the Government wanted to get the new Governments at work. Everything now would depend on the statesmanship shown.

Earl Winterton, Conservative Member, who spent seven years in the India Office, winding up for the Opposition, pleaded for friendship between the two Indian Dominions and Britain.

Lord Winterton declared that that friendship must be reciprocal and genuine on both sides, and on a level of equality. Because Indian leaders were Britain's former enemies, there was no reason why they should not now become her friends.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter): Sir Stafford Cripps, President of the Board of Trade and one of the three members of the Cabinet Mission to India, moved the third reading of the India Independence Bill, which thus entered on its final stage through the House of Commons.

"I am introducing what will be the last debate in this House on Indian affairs," said Sir Stafford.

"Although it may be with regret that we thus pass from a great subject matter to which so many members have given of their best in thought and effort, it is with the most profound gratitude that we should welcome the privilege that had made up the vehicle of fulfilment of British policy in India", he said.

Sir Stafford declared that in passing this Bill Britain would be firmly and finally establishing her honesty of democratic purpose. "There have been those who have doubted whether we as a country would be prepared to carry out, to their full and logical conclusion, these professions of democracy which we have made in the past.

"This Bill is proof of our sincerity of purpose. We take this action, not because it is forced upon us from forces outside, but because it is consistent with what we hold to be just and right.

"It is true that in the course of our discussions that we would have far rather have preferred the setting up of a single United Government as a whole. That has not proved possible, and it is not the sole fault of any one of us, Indians or Englishmen, that it has not proved possible.

"It is the inevitable outcome of a long history of difficulties and tensions, of lost opportunities and human failures of which we have all had our share.

HAPPIER ERA FOR INDIA

"None of us can point his finger at the others and say 'but for you all would have been well.' I am perfectly conscious myself that in the small part I have played that by greater wisdom and understanding at a particular moment, I might have made a greater contribution at a particular moment, I might have made a greater contribution to a United India."

Sir Stafford said the Bill would bring India a new, and he hoped, a happier era. He had always maintained that complete co-operation on the part of India would never be achieved until they could deal with each other on an absolute basis of equality. It was that equality which this Bill would establish for the first time, creating the basis of a "greater and

(Continued on Page 5)

KING DESIRES IT

LONDON, July 15, (I.P.A.): Next Friday the Royal Commissioners sitting in the House of Lords will summon "faithful Commons" to the bar of the House to hear the King's assent to the Indian Independence Bill in the historic and customary Norman French phrase "Le Roy Le Veult" meaning the King desires it.

Plans To Meet Food Crisis

No Increase Of Popular Grains For Bombay

NEW DELHI, July 15, (A.P.I.): The Food Ministers and officials from Bombay, Madras, C.P. and of the Central Government met here yesterday to draw up plans to meet the impending food crisis in Bombay and Madras.

The Madras Food position was carefuly re-examined, and the necessity for maintenance of the existing grain prices and enforcement of price control was re-emphasised. A procurement plan which make more rice available to the Government while reducing the pressure on Government stocks was drawn up.

An offer of 20,000 tons of rice by the C.P. Food Minister to meet the grave situation in Madras and Bombay, and the vigorous enforcement of procurement under Government control, of the grain available for defict parts of the presidency, will, it is hoped enable Madras to pull through the next two months.

Bombay's food position and allocations from the centre were reviewed, and it is gathered that supplies for the province were assured for August. Its wheat imports will be below requirements, and any increase in the supply of popular grains is considered unlikely. The supply position for September will be examined later, when precise information is available on the possibility of security "food loans" from certain Indian provinces, and availabilities from abroad. In the meantime, action is being taken to speed up wheat shipments from Australia.

Smuts Will Not Budge

Quotes Pakistan In Defence Of Racial Discrimination

MARITZBURG, July 15, (Reuter): Smuts, Prime Minister of South Africa, addressing the Head Committee of the Natal United Party here today said that the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Act was an attempt to get an arrangement by which Europeans and Asiatics could live peacefuly together in Natal.

He had been attacked at the United Nations Organisation for what he had done, but it was the only way.

General Smuts said, "when people do not want to live peacefully together, the only way is to sort them out and say 'this is yours and that is yours. Please do not trespass'.

He added: "Look at what is happening in India. Even Indians cannot live together and they are dividing India. But when we do it, we were attacked by people who know nothing about South Africa. What we have done we will stand by and nothing will alter it."

Princess Elizabeth With Her Fiance

The first official photographs to be taken of H. R. H. Princess Elizabeth with Lieut. Philip Mountbatten. They were taken at Buckingham Palace on July 10 when the first announcement of their betrothal was made.

Nanking Prepares For All-Out Drive Against "Reds"

NANKING, July 15, (A.P.A.): Field dispatches said today that Chinese communists withdrew from Taian in the face of superior Government forces easing the threat to Tsinan, Capital of Shantung Province 33 miles to the north.

Meanwhile the Executive Yuan (Parliament) in Nanking approved general mobilisation which virtually placed the Government on a war footing economically, politically and militarily.

Details of the order will be published after the state council gives its sanction on Friday.

A qualified source said the order placed emphasis on controlled economy to prevent profitteering while the Government goes all out in a military campaign against the communists.

STRINGENT MEASURES DELETED

The Chinese Executive Yuan (Council) today deleted five measures from its plan to enforce a general mobilisation order because they were considered too stringent.

Items struck out included the proposal to introduce postal and telegraphic censorship, provision for quartering troops in civilian homes, and a system of land requisitioning, it was learned.

The plan will be before the state Council on Friday for final approval.

STRATEGIC RAILWAY UNDER NANKING CONTROL

SHANGHAI, July 15 (Reuter): Chinese Government forces to-day claimed to be in control of the Strategic Pukow-Tientsin railway from Nanking to Tsinan, with the capture of Taian in Central Shantung Province, and the remaining stations to the north, semi-official reports reaching here said to-day.

Government circles were predicting "decisive battles" in the northern section of the Tientsin-Pukow line on the assumption that Communist forces would stand and fight instead of withdrawing in the face of superior opposition in accordance with their usual tactics.

BR. AND INDIAN TROOPS IN SINKIANG

MOSCOW, July 15 (Reuter): Tass, the official Soviet News Agency, today quoted a report in the Shanghai newspaper 'Shenpao' that British and Indian troops were in the Sinkiang Province of China, where border clashes with Outer Mongolian troops were reported last month.

The Chinese Foreign Ministry, however stated there had been "no official report on the matter", the newspaper said.

BRITISH DENIAL

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter): The British War Office to-night said there was absolutely no foundation for a Shanghai newspaper report quoted today by the Soviet News Agency that British and Indian troops had been in the Sinkiang Province of China, where border clashes with outer Mongolian troops were reported last month.

EDRICH on Googlie
See Page 2

STERLING TALKS IN LONDON

NEW DELHI, July 15, (A.P.I.): It is not yet known whether the provision in the Anglo-U.S. loan agreement requiring H.M.G. to make sterling on current account freely convertible into any other currency from today will immediately affect India.

Though the provision is of general application, pending the termination of the sterling negotiation now going on in London between British Treasury officials and representatives of the Government of India's Finance Department, its application so far as it affects India will have to be deferred, it is learned.

According to information available in New Delhi the London talks are understood to have got well into their stride.

It is emphasised that no inference could be drawn from the Anglo-Egyptian interim agreement on sterling balances regarding the likely form of British agreements with India or other countries.

INDONESIAN-DUTCH CLASHES

BATAVIA, July 15, (Reuter): Indonesian and Dutch troops clashed last week on several Java fronts, according to an Indonesian Republican Army "communique" published today quoted by Antada, the Republican News Agency.

On the Batavia perimeter the Republicans claimed the Dutch used tanks.

A ninety-minute gun duel between a Dutch naval patrol and shore batteries in which three Indonesians were injured was reported from Keapang, South of Banywwangi on the east coast of Java.

League Move Disallowed In Consembly

JAWAHAR ANSWERS HASRAT MOHANI'S OBJECTIONS

Debate On Model Constitution For Provinces

NEW DELHI, July 15, (A.P.I.): In the Constituent Assembly today the President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, informed Mr. Tajmul Hussain (Muslim League) that he had disallowed his motion calling for the dissolution of the present Provincial Constitution Committee and appointment of a new one. The function of the Committee, said the President, was over, it had made its report and there was nothing further for it to do.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

NEW DELHI, July 15 (A.P.I.): The Constituent Assembly to-day amended its rules whereby all references to Sections were deleted.

Mr. K. M. Munshi moved over 30 amendments to the Rules of the Constituent Assembly necessitated by the June 3 statement. The effect of the amendments were: The need to break into Sections as stated in the State Paper of May 16 was done away with; the double majority votes required to settle major communal issues and reference to the Federal Court of certain issues, etc., were also dispensed with.

Mr. K. Santhanam moved a number of consequential amendments.

FATE OF SRI PRAKASA'S AMENDMENT

Mr. Sri Prakasa sought to move an amendment to validate the new elections to the Assembly from East Bengal and West Punjab. He said that the new elections under the June 3 plan as also the declaration in that members from the seceding areas ceased to be members, were "ultra vires" of the Rules of the House.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru said that the proper course would be to refer the matter to the Steering Committee, where there were eminent lawyers to draft the amendment. It was no doubt an important issue which Mr. Sri Prakasa had raised but it should be left to the experts to draft a proper amendment.

The President ruled out Mr Sri Prakasa's amendment after taking the sense of the House.

PROVINCIAL CONSTITUTIONS

Moving the memorandum embodying the recommendations of the Provincial Constitution Committee, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel said that both the Provincial Constitution Committee and the Union Constitution Committee met jointly to consider whether they should have a Federal or Unitary type of constitution and came to the conclusion that a Parliamentary system of constitution of the British type with which they were familiar, would suit the conditions in the country better. The Provincial Constitution Committee had made its recommendation accordingly.

Some misunderstanding might arise on the question of some of the items mentioned in clause nine (Governor's discretionary powers). If they analysed the clause they would find that practically the only powers left to the Provincial Governor was the power to report to the Union President about any grave menace to the peace and tranquillity of the Province and the summoning and dissolving of the Provincial Legislatures.

IRISH MODEL

The Committee generally agreed that there should be only one House of Legislature, but it was also agreed that if any of the provinces wanted a bicameral legislature, it should be open to that province to set up such a legislature. But the constitution of the Upper House should be on the Irish model.

The Committee had given special attention to the appointment of Judges of the High Court, as the Judiciary should be above suspicion and

(Continued on page 5)

ANGLO-SWEDISH AGREEMENT

LONDON, July 15, (Reuter): The Anglo-Swedish monetary agreement signed in London last night permits Sweden to enter "transferable sterling" currency arrangements with Britain just in time for the deadline under the Anglo-American loan agreement of July 15, it was officially stated here.

Details of this agreement will not be revealed in London until the relative White Paper is published. Authoritative financial circles say that the delay is due to the fact that a considerable proportion of Sweden's sterling balances of about 25,000,000 sterling would be blocked under the agreement.

FRENCH POLICY IN INDO-CHINA

PARIS, July 15, (Reuter): M. Emile Bollaert, French High Commissioner to Indo-China, left Paris by air early today on his return to Saigon where he is expected to reorganise the French administration.

He had been in Paris since June 15 having been summoned home for consultations after the breakdown of the latest move to end the fighting between the French and Vietnamese.

At the airport M. Bollaert said: "I leave with optimism to carry out my mission which would be accomplished in September.

The High Commissioner is an advocate of national independence for Indo-China within the French Union.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.
New York, July 15.

Previous Closing	35.50
Today's Opening	33.70
Difference	—.70
Today's Closing	34.70
Difference	+.60

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, July 15.
New York Stock Exchange Opening prices.
Anaconda Copper Mining 37-3/4
General Motors 60
United States Steel Common 75-1/2
United States Steel preference unquoted.

LATEST QUOTATIONS
Bombay, July 15.

	Rs.
Cotton Sept.	450 0
Silver Ready	168 14
Gold Ready	110 12
Silver Tukda	168 8
Sovereign	73 0

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For women as well as men

Mysteries Of Spin

LONDON.

What is all this googlie business? So many people ask me that question that I think it is time an effort was made to explain it properly. At its simplest the googlie is an off-break bowled with a leg-break action deliberately designed to deceive the batsman. But, to grasp the significance of that, one must first understand certain cricket essentials.

First of all its should be clearly appreciated that first class batsmen watch the bowler's hand and action all the time and, from the way he holds the ball and flicks his wrist or fingers at the point of delivery, they decide what type of ball is coming down—that is, whether it is a leg-break, an off-break or a plain straight one—and prepare to play their shots accordingly. It must be quite obvious, I think, that they cannot wait until the ball pitches before they decide what it is going to do. If they did that they would be beaten nine times out of ten by a ball on a good length.

It will be appreciated, therefore, that if a bowler can so disguise his action that he can delude the batsman into thinking he is delivering a leg-break when, in fact, he is making the ball spin from the off, he is infinitely more dangerous. That is why the good googlie—it must be on a perfect length—is so effective and unsettling.

Action And Inaction

To explain the googlie another way, and perhaps through a simpler progression, to the average young or old player—whether we are 16 or 60 or wear flannels occasionally or not—I think we remain players as long as we watch or think of the game—I would invite the reader to follow me along this train of thought:

(1) An ordinary leg-break is bowled with the palm of the bowler's hand facing the batsman—imagine the man bowling—and the fingers moving across the ball at the point of delivery from the direction of mid-wicket to third-man to impart spin.

(2) A top spinner has almost the same action except that the spinning fingers flick straight over the ball in a vertical plane and along a line between wicket and wicket.

(3) The googlie is bowled with the hand still further round and with the spinning fingers stroking the ball in a line from mid-off to fine leg. The ball appears to come out of the back of the hand and the spin imparted is exactly the opposite to that in (1) but from the view point of the batsman the slight difference of action is extremely difficult to detect.

An added complication of the googlie is that the spin imparted to it makes the ball "dip" a little in the air and then "bounce" surprisingly off the pitch. The combination of the two produce many of those apparently simple catches to the fielder at forward short leg.

Secret Of Success

The success of googlie bowling—like that of all spin bowling—is length, length, length! It must be pitched perfectly or is no use. Once the trick of releasing the ball is learned the spinning part is no more difficult than the ordinary leg spinner. Perfecting the hand action to achieve maximum deception is harder.

Comparatively new in cricket the googlie was discovered first of all by B. J. T. Bosanquet about 1901 when he was idly spinning a tennis ball on his lawn. He noticed that if he spun it as a leg-break, dropped his wrist a little as he did it, and let the ball flick out of the back of his hand it spun for the off-break. It was a startling discovery indeed and Bosanquet developed it for a long time before he tried it in any match of importance. For months he had absolutely no control of length but, as he realised that perfect command was vital, he preserved and it is recorded that the first googlie he bowled at Sydney, when he was touring with P. F. Warner's team of 1902-3, hit the stumps of the famous Victor Trumper.

Sir Pelham Warner was one of the few who then appreciated the potentialities of this new form of attack. A number of astute South Africans also tumbled to it. Amongst them was Reginald Schwarz, who was born in England, went to Oxford and played for Middlesex—as a batsman. He copied Bosanquet's type of bowling, mastered it, and later came to England with the South African team of 1904. His bowling immediately became the talk of the cricketing world.

Schwarz passed on his technique to Faulkner, White and Voglar and South Africans were noted as the greatest exponents of the new type of ball. All the more remarkable, therefore, that the present touring team has none. Leg spinner Ian Smith does not bowl the googlie. His variation is the top spinner.

Famous Exponents

Best googlie bowler of my time, I think, has been Bill O'Reilly, the Australian. I never saw him pitch a bad ball and he spun it so hard that it moved a lot in the air as well as off the pitch. Fastest googlie bowler and, on form, certainly the best to-day, is England's Doug Wright.

Many cricketers believe Cecil Pepper, that very good cricketer who played with the Australian Services side and is now professional with Rochdale in the Central Lancashire League, bowled a googlie. He never did against me. His variation of his leg-break is what the Australians call a "flipper." That is a ball bowled with a lower trajectory and "cut" so that it slips straight through—a good ball—but not the true googlie.

Eric Hollies bowls both the flipper and the googlie. So does Jim Sims of Middlesex. Other googlie merchants in English cricket to-day are Len Wilkinson of Lancashire—who was probably the best of them all in 1938—R. W. V. Robins of Middlesex; Peter Smith of Essex; Charlie Oakes of Sussex; John Lawrence of Somerset; and Australian left-hander Walsh of Leicestershire.

Nayudu Too

One of the best I saw last year was C. S. Nayudu of the Indian team. His wrong 'un was most difficult to detect. In the winter, of course, I saw Australia's McCool—he "flips" but does not bowl the googlie—Tribe, their left-hander who is also now in the Central Lancashire League as professional, and Dooland.

After watching the success they achieve by their easy lobbing actions I sometimes wonder what mental processes induce me to hurl myself through space to try to knock the wickets over the sight screens! Their way is so much easier... but I wonder if it is just as satisfying?

(COPYRIGHT)

BILL EDRICH'S SPECIAL

"A fast 'un appraises the worth of the wrong 'un" would be a better title for this article. For Edrich is himself a speed-merchant whose urge is to hurl himself through space to try to knock the wickets over the sight screens. All the same none can write better than he of the easy lobbing action which conceals Bosanquet's mysterious twist.

Secrets Of The Googlie

Aggressive Innings By Bill Edrich And Denis Compton

277 Runs Compiled In 130 mts.

LONDON, July 14 (Reuter).—Bill Edrich (257) and Denis Compton (151) whose third wicket partnership have been an outstanding feature of the Test matches with South Africa, unleashed an onslaught on Leicestershire's bowlers and added 277 in two hours ten minutes for the second wicket today.

With Compton in an aggressive and enterprising mood and racing to century in 100 minutes they put on 135 in 55 minutes after lunch.

Edrich batted four and three-quarter hours and hit four sixes and 26 fours. Compton hit 21 fours.

Northamptonshire, who on Saturday scored 484 for 4, lost their last six wickets for 22 runs in half an hour today.

Percy Davis added only two more to his Saturday's score of 235 not out. He batted six and half hours for his 237, the highest of his career, and hit 27 fours.

AT DESTCLIFE: Essex versus Gloucestershire: Essex first innings 300 and second innings 46 for three. Gloucestershire first innings 336 (Allen 102, Emmett 57, Vigar, right arm spinner, 5 for 68).

AT LEICESTER: Leicestershire versus Middlesex: Leicestershire first innings 309 and second innings 160 for two (Berry not out 72). Middlesex first innings 637 for 4 declared (Robertson 75, Edrich 257, Compton 151, Thompson not out 89).

AT HOVE: Sussex versus Warwickshire: Warwickshire first innings 216 and second innings 299 (Taylor 81). Sussex first innings 154 (Parks 63, Cannings, right arm medium, 5 for 49).

AT EBBE VALE: Glamorgan vs. Worcestershire: Glamorgan first innings: 314 (Watkins 111, Davis 52; Howarth, left-arm spinner, 5 for 76) and second innings 25 for 0; Worcestershire first innings 213 (Howarth 75).

IRISH "GENTLEMEN" BEAT SOUTH AFRICAN 'GOONDAS'!

BELFAST, July 14 (Reuter).—Gentlemen of Ireland defeated the South African Cricket Tourists by six wickets in an unofficial one-day fixture which will not count in the official tour records.

After dismissing the South Africans for 114, J. Boucher taking seven for 37, Gentlemen of Ireland scored 117 for four wickets and, continuing batting, were all out for 202.

E. Shearer, English Amateur International Soccer centre-forward, and Reverend J. Barnes, Rugby International, who scored 43 and 57 respectively added 83 for the fifth wicket.

Czechs Lead By 3-0

European Zone Davis Cup Final

ZAGREB, July 14 (Reuter).—Czechoslovakia by winning the doubles today gained a winning three-zero lead over Yugoslavia in the European Zone of the Davis Cup final.

They will now meet the winners of the American Zone tie between Canada and Australia to decide who shall play the United States in the challenge round.

In today's doubles J. Drobny and V. Cernik beat D. Mitic and J. Pallada 6/3, 6/1, 6/3. Yesterday's singles results were Cernik beat Mitic 3/6, 6/0, 6/2, 1/6, 6/2 and Drobny beat Pallada 6/3, 8/6, 2/6, 6/3.

Touring U. S. Track Stars Prepare To Leave

NEW YORK, July 14 (UPA).—The two coaches and virtually all of the 18 athletes who leave for Europe on a tour of Scandinavia and southern Europe, are in New York and were busy Monday straightening out visas and passports.

All of the athletes took a good workout, Sunday, at Bloomfield, New Jersey, during the National Decathlon championship. The field was damaged by rain, but Barney Ewell ran the 100 yards in 9.9 seconds and the 150 yards in 14.6 seconds. Don Bolen ran the 440 yards in the good time of 47.2 seconds.

Coaches Jim Kelly and Carl Olson plan to have one more workout before taking he plane.

£12,500 "Strad" Pawned For £7-10-0

NEW YORK (Reuter)

A Stradivarius worth about dol. 50,000 (£12,500) was pawned here for dol. 30 (£7-10-0) by a burglar who was not aware of its value.

The violin was originally made in 1723 for the Duke of Edinburgh.

Start using Kolynos and you'll like it, because . . .

IT CLEANS WELL. The active, cleansing Kolynos foam helps reveal the natural charm of your teeth.

IT TASTES GOOD. Kolynos sweetens the breath . . . makes your whole mouth feel clean and refreshed.

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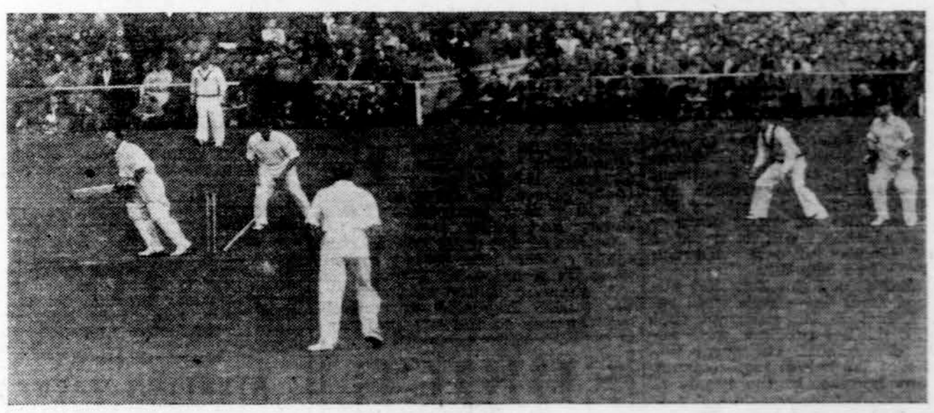
EDRICH'S LEG-STUMP UPROOTED



Edrich made a fine total of 191 in the third day's play at Old Trafford in the Test Match against South Africa

Byculla Table-Tennis

KAPADIA AND KHAN IN KEEN MATCH

MRS. CAMA TO MEET MRS. NASIKWALLA IN FINAL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The finest encounter of the table-tennis season so far who witnessed this evening in the match between D. H. Kapadia and Khan which the former won after five well-contested games. The game was fast and full of strokes for Kapadia never relented in his attack which was his best defence.

In the semi-finals of the Women's Singles event Mrs. Cama won a straight set victory over Miss Boccaro to enter the final when she meets Mrs. Nasikwalla who accounted for Miss Brodie in the fourth game.

The following are the results:—

Women's Single (semi-finals) Mrs. Nasikwalla beat Miss M. Brodie 21-18, 23-21, 16-21, 21-11; Mrs. B. Cama beat Miss E. Boccaro 21-18, 23-21, 21-15.

Men's Singles (quarter-finals) D. H. Kapadia beat A. H. Khan 21-12, 13-21, 21-19, 19-21, 21-15; J. Ezekiel beat N. Mistry 21-14, 19-21, 21-17, 22-20; H. M. Khanchand beat L. Alvarez 21-10, 21-12, 21-13; P. S. Varde beat M. Lavji 21-18, 21-10, 21-13.

Men's Doubles (semi-finals) U. M. Chandarana and T. R. Khatau beat H. M. Khanchand and A. H. Khan 21-14, 21-14, 21-14; K. H. Kapadia and D. H. Kapadia beat P. S. Varde and N. D. Mistry 21-14, 21-19, 18-21, 21-10.

Wednesday 6 p.m. onwards:—

Semi-finals of Juniors' Single (A. I. Jacob vs. I. R. Joosab and Patel vs. K. H. Dastur) followed by the semi-finals of Men's Single. (D. H. Kapadia vs. J. Ezekiel and P. S. Varde vs. H. M. Khanchand) followed by the semi-finals of Mixed Doubles.

"Diesel" Arrives In New York

NEW YORK, July 14 (Reuter).—The Gaekwar of Baroda's horse, "Diesel", arrived at Laguardia airport today from London to participate in an international race at Belmont Park on Friday.

Bruce Aitken, the track representative who accompanied him, reported the horse to be in good shape.

The horse was passed by the United States Bureau of Husbandry, but Water Gill, the British groom who accompanied him, had to be vaccinated at the field as he did not have the required vaccination certificate.

G. I. P. PREVAIL OVER AIRMEN

Harwood League Football

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

G.I.P.	1
R.A.F.	0

(Result of first leg R.A.F. 3-0)

Tully gave the railway side what proved to the winner midway through the second period. The winners' inner two was seen in good form and should have won even more comfortably but for a couple of mistakes at the vital end. G. D'Mello failed to beat Masterton from point blank range when no defender was in sight and failed again off the rebound.

The Airmen were slipshod and lacked method of any kind. Their approach work was at fault and seldom functioned.

THE TEAMS

G.I.P.—T. D'Silva; R. Almajda and D. Ruck; B. Fernandes, Wiliners and R. D'Souza; Mani, Tully, Duncan, G. D'Mello and S. James.

R.A.F.—Masterton; Jenkins and Rennie; Tucker, Murdoch and Allen, Mumbas, Graves, Buxton, Lovatt and Rage.

Refree.—Swami.

Wednesday at 5-45 p.m. Trades vs. Bombay Gymkhana.

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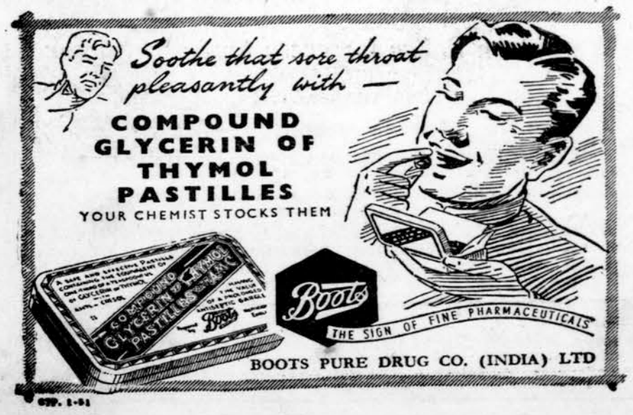
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CITY LIGHT
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SWARNALATA, NAZIR, ISMAIL
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NOVELTY

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Director: MEHBOOB
Music: NAUSHAD.
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SAMAJ-KO-BADAL DALO
Director: VIJAY BHATT
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Sun. Matinee at 1 p.m.
Royal Opera House
Booking 9-30 to 12-30 & 3-30 to 6-30
SUPER
An EVERGREEN Release

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Sri Ramanasramam at Tiruvannamalai has not appointed agents or servants for the purpose of collection of funds or other materials on its behalf. To guard themselves against any designing individuals or associations assuming such a role and imposing themselves on the innocent public purporting to act on behalf of or as interested in the Ramanasramam, all are hereby informed that no one should make any appeals openly or in private in the name of Baghavan Sri Ramanamaharishi and the Asram or as being interested in them, for the purpose of conducting any celebrations or in alleged furtherance of the interests of Asram.

The Sri Ramanasramam which is the abode of Baghavan Sri Ramanamaharishi at Tiruvannamalai is under the management of the undersigned and all devotees, wherever they are, as might be interested in doing anything in devotion to Sri Baghavan and in the interest of the Asram would do well to have direct dealings with him.

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Sarvadhikari.

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 13, 2003
Muslim: Sabaan 26, 1366
Parsi: Behman 16, 1316
Sunrise: 6-10 a.m. Sunset 7-19 p.m.
Hightide: 10-52, 22-17
Lowtide: 03-46, 16-48

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: Weekly Meeting of the Standing Committee will be held here today (Wednesday), at 3-30 p.m. (Bombay Time.)

THE UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Today Notes on the Bhagwad Gita will be taken up for study today Wednesday evening at 6-15, at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp Flora Fountain.

BOMBAY METALLURGICL SOCIETY: The Ordinary Meeting of the Bombay Metallurgical Society will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m at the Conference Hall of the B.E.S.T. Co.'s Electric House at Colaba.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION: Prof. L. Rodrigues will 'begin' his classes in 'English Literature between the Two Wars' in St. Xavier's College, 1st Floor, Room No. IX. today (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. other classes for the day as usual.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Under the auspices of the Rahnumia Sabha Dasturji Bode will deliver a public lecture today (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. at Sir C. J. Hall on "Progressive Zoroastrian's Faith according to his Religion". Sirdar Khan Bahadur Dasturji Nasherwan J. P. will preside.

REAY MAHARASHTRA MUSEUM: Government of Bombay, Education and Industries Department have sanctioned a grant-in-aid of Rs. 7,000 to the Lord Reay Maharashtra Industrial Museum during the current financial year, for payment of Dearness allowance to its staff, under Resolution No. 8021, dated 3rd July 1947.

THE YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION: Symposium on "Present situation in India and shape of things to come" on Wednesday, 16th July 1947, at 6 p.m. (S. T.) in the Banquet Hall at the Taj. The Hon'ble Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa will preside and speakers will be Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Principal Tejasingh, Seth Pranlal D. Narji and Prof. G. D. Parikh. All are invited.

BOMBAY F.S.U. GREETS MRS. PANDIT

The Kohinoor Cinema Theatre of Dadar and packed to capacity on Sunday morning the 13th where the Bombay F.S.U. showed the great Soviet films, "May Day Parade", "Magic Fish", and "The Festival of Youth". During the interval the following resolution was placed before the audience, composed of educationists, film artists, students trade union and youth organisation leaders and workers, by Mr. R. M. Jambhekar, General Secretary of the All-India Friends of the Soviet Union:

RESOLUTION

"On behalf of the FSU movment we warmly greet Smt. Vijayalaxmi Pandit on her appointment as our ambassador to the Soviet Union, our great Socialist neighbour, and assure her that the heart of freedom-loving India is with her in the great new mission entrusted to her by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

"We are confident that the establishment of diplomatic relations between India and the Soviet Union marks the beginning of a new and vital period in the friendly collaboration between the two great peoples, and opens new vistas for the world struggle for a just and democratic peace.

"We wish all success to Smt. Vijayalaxmi Pandit India's first ambassador to the U.S.S.R. as also India's first woman ambassador."

Over one thousand hands went up in approval of the Resolution and the audience passed it amid loud and hearty cheers.

MINISTER TAPASE TO TOUR KOLABA

Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Industries, Fisheries and Backward Classes, Bombay, will leave on a tour of the Kolaba District on Thursday (July 17). He will visit the Bharat Tiles and the Grindwell Factory at Uran and will preside at the opening ceremony of the Uran Oil Mill the same day. Later in the evening he will inspect the site of fishing industry at Karanja and meet the local fishermen.

On July 18, he will visit the J. M. & C. Pharmacy and Dhootpapeshwar Pharmacy at Panvel and the Fisheries Fibre Industries at Revdanda and Fisheries at Thal. After visiting Rewas and Alibag, he will return to Bombay on Saturday (July 19).

Mr. D. K. Kunte, Parliamentary Secretary to the Prime Minister, will accompany Mr. Tapase.

Pedestrian Waylaid & Robbed

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A pedestrian who was going along Nawalkar Lane, Vithalbhai Patel Road, at 8 p.m. last night was waylaid and robbed of his wrist watch and purse containing Rs. 75. The alleged robbers who also assaulted the victim were later on arrested by the Maharbouri Police. They were placed before Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court and allowed bail.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, July 16.
BOMBAY—1
244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel) 7.40 News (M. 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 B. M. Devlankar (Shahnai) 8.45 Usha Patwardhan (Pad) 9.0 Shamala Manjrekar 12.0 p.m. Variety programme (Hindi, Urdu and Hindustani) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 A Light Medley 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Lunch Hour Music 5.0 B. M. Devlankar (Shahnai) 5.15 Narendra Shaligram (Multan) 5.35 Amritlal Raval Gujarati Geet (Nanalal) 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 U L Shah (Noorani) (Thumri aur Ghazal) 6.35 Khayal Puria 6.50 Usha Patwardhan (Abhane) 7.0 Narendra Shalighram (Bihagde) 7.15 B M Devlankar (Shahnai) 7.30 Katha Sahitya: (H) 7.45 Dadre 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Readings from own poems (by Mahavirprasad Dachich) 8.45 "Pahayala Yetat" (Marathi feature by V H Kulkarni:) 9.0 ew (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Housing and Home Talk by Dr. Jai Balsara 10.0 M S Kanetkar (Kannisi-Kanada) 10.30 Shamala Mazgaonkar (Nayaki Kanada).

City To Get More Rain In 24 Hours

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The present weather according to the latest meteorological report will continue for the next 24 hours. Bombay had few heavy showers in the morning and the rainfall recorded for the last 24 hours in the Colaba Observatory was 1.58 inches till 8 a.m. to-day.

The total rainfall which is 16.6 inches (to-date) from June 1st is still short by 16.5 inches for the correaponding period last year.

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 17-7-47:—Rainfall will be widespread in the Konkanpatti, Khandesh, Desh, Mawal, the Bombay Karnatak and the Hyderabad State. Local light showers are also possible in Gujarat an Kathiawar.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain will occur in the Konkanpatti with isolated heavy showers in the Bombay Karnatak and the Hyderabad State during the next 48 hours. OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 days:—Monsoon will strengthen further over the Region outside Kathiawar and Gujarat.

DEAD SEA APPLE OF INDIA'S DIVISION

BOMBAY, July 15, (U.P.I.): "It may well be that when the actual division of India has been accomplished the result may turn out to be a veritable Dead Sea Apple or a 'Delhi Ka Laddu' which the man who gets it regrets as much as the man who does not", observed Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Constituent Assembly, referring to the partition of India in the course of an Addendum to his famous book, "India Divided", the third edition of which has just been published by the Hind Kitabs Limited the well-known publishers of Bombay.

Bail Period Extended

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, extended the bail period of Ratilal Ujamshi Shah, accused No. 1, and of 11 others who were arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch some time back in connection with the discovery of miniature explosive factory at Tardeo, and ordered the return of the grinding machine seized by the Police to accused No. 1, on his undertaking to produce it at the time of hearing and to be used only for lawful purpose.

It may be recalled that on receipt of certain information Deputy Inspector Miranda of the Anti-Corruption Branch raided Rowe Industries, Ltd., Tardeo and seized certain material alleged to be used for manufacturing bomb cases.

Tragic Death Of Artist's Wife

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The wife of an artist, Bratindranath Tagore died a painful death last night, when she poisoned herself with hydrochloric acid at her residence Narayan Sadan in Shivaji Park.

According to the Police the evidence was not sufficient to show whether it was an accident or a case of suicide. Her husband stated that Mrs. Shanta Tagore had been a normal woman so far, and nothing had happened to upset her in the family gathering at 5 p.m. last night. But, it was stated, she suddenly went out of the room and they heard shouts of agony from the deceased, who was lying on the floor of the verandah. The acid bottle which is ordinarily used for domestic washing purposes was found lying by her side.

She was taken immediately to the K.E.M. Hospital where she died at 11 p.m

DRAW OF INTEREST-FREE PRIZE BONDS

The seventh half-yearly draw for prizes in respect of the Government of India Five-Year Interest Free Prize Bonds for 1949 came off in the C. J. Hall at noon today. A good number of bond-holders were present on the occasion.

The arrangements for the draw were supervised by a Committee consisting of Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Mr. A. A. Jasdanwalla, Seth Pranlal Devkaran Nanji, Mr. C. R. Trevor, Sir Jamsetji Jeejibhoy, Mr. B. C. Dutt and Mr. K. R. P. Menon.

The following are the results of the Series A. B. C, and D for the denomination of Rs. 100:—

SERIES A:—Rs. 5,000 Nos. 84467 and 13838 Rs. 20,000, Nos. 20717 and 17233. Rs. 50,000, No. 46544.

SERIES B.:—Rs. 20,000, Nos. 1825 and 27196 Rs. 5,000, Nos. 5749s and 15661. Rs. 50,000, No. 04569.

SERIES C.:—Rs. 20,000, Nos. 09889 and 47152. Rs. 5,000, Nos. 81230 and 98683. Rs. 50,000, No. 47021.

SERIES D.:—Rs. 20,000 Nos. 01212 and 94037. Rs. 5,000 Nos. 47611 and 51010. Rs. 50,000, No. 89226.

BONUS TO LOW-PAID GOVT. EMPLOYEES

Pending the introduction of revised pay-scales and by way of immediate relief a further bonus to the low-paid employees has been sanctioned by the Government of Bombay.

The Government has already announced that the revised pay-scales, when introduced, will be applied retrospectively from January 1, 1947. The Central Pay Commission's Report, along with the other relevant material, is under active consideration in connection with the revision. The bonus now sanctioned, is in respect of the first half of the calendar year 1947 and is equal to the monthly interim relief multiplied by the number of months of continuous service put in during this period. Thus, a person in continuous service from January 1, 1947, or an earlier date is eligible for a bonus of Rs. 30 if his pay is below Rs. 40, or of Rs. 60 if his pay is from Rs. 40 to Rs. 250, inclusive. This bonus, like the monthly interim relief earned since January 1, 1947, will be taken into account in computing the amount due to be paid when retrospective effect is eventually given to the revised pay-scales and allowances.

Secondary Teachers' Demands

The following resolution has been sent by the Federation of the Bombay and Suburban Assistant Teachers' Unions to the Government of Bombay.

"In view of the present abnormal circumstances to meet with the cost of living the Federation requests the Government of Bombay to grant Rs. 30 a a flat rate as Bombay allowance in addition to the interim relief to the Secondary Teachers in Bombay—and its suburbs with retrospective effect from the 1st of April 1947 i.e., from the new financial year, pending the publication and consideration of the Ghate-Parulekar Secondary Schools Committee's report. The Government should give immediate relief to the teachers, taking into consideration the present value of a rupee equal to four annas in the pre-war times and the growing unrest amongst the teaching profession.

Convicted For Refusing To Sell "Gur"

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

For refusing to sell "gur", and for not registering proper account of sale, the three joint owners of "Shaha Lalji Khemji and Co." at Vincent Road, were sentenced to-day to pay a fine of Rs. 400 each, in default 2 months' R. I. by S. A. Hutteea, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court.

India Depicted Wrongly In U. S.

Hutheesingh Pleads For Counter-Propaganda Machinery

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The most noticeable aspects of American life to-day are its overwhelming speed and its nomadic character, observed Mr. G. P. Hutheesingh, who recently returned after an extensive tour of the U.S.A., speaking at a meeting of the Rotary Club, Bombay, this afternoon at the Green's. Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee, Rotarian President, presided.

This speed in their life, industry and actions, and this constant shifting, Mr. Hutheesingh added, reflected the exclusive pre-occupation of Americans to everything else to acquire more and more dollars, with the result that they were outstripped in world politics.

The Truman Doctrine, based as it was on anti-Communism, was a preparation for another war, he contended. But American people, by and large, were peace-loving and desired friendly relations with other countries. He strongly resented the misrepresentation of India in the U.S.A., by American journalists after their brief sojourn in this country and he pleaded for setting up an effective organisation in America to counteract this false propaganda. Now that India had achieved freedom, it was all the more necessary to foster better understanding and friendly relations between her and America to their mutual benefit, he concluded.

Tariff Board And Belting Industry

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Indian Tariff Board examined the question of giving protection to Fire Hose and Belting Industries this morning at Contractor Building, Ballard Estate.

Examining the pros and cons of belting industry the Board estimated the demand of belts at 2,400 tons per year for the next three years. Mr. K. K. Mehta an importer giving evidence said that the U.K. was not able to cope with the orders. The U.S.A. was fast entering the field and delivering goods in a short time.

Mr. S. C. Dey, representing manufacturers' interest, contended that in normal times producers were getting cotton yarn locally. They had to rely on imports for hair yarns.

After taking the views of the importers, consumers and producers regarding the quality of the indigenous belts Mr. C. C. Desai, Chairman of the Board, opined that on the whole they were inferior to the imported goods.

The Board then examined the landed cost of the imports and producers' selling prices. The Chairman referring to the disparity of the two prices remarked that the home-made belts were cheaper and there was no case made to increase the custom duties.

Earlier the Chairman said the Board would confine its inquiry to cotton hair and woollen belts and exclude leather belt industry because the latter had not furnished its case in time.

The Board will meet tomorrow.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, July 15, (A.P.I.): Following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, July 15, 1947:—

A depression is forming in the North Bay of Bengal with central region near latitude 19 and half degrees north and longitude 89 and half degrees east. It is likely to intensify and move west-north-westwards. Rainfall has been widespread in the Konkan and Malabar and local in Bengal, Orissa, the East Centrel Provinces, East Rajputana, the Bombay Deccan, North Hyderabad and the North Madras coast. A few showers have also occurred in Assam, the West United Provinces, West Central India, the West Central Provinces, Gujarat, the North Punjab, South Hyderabad and Mysore.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 16TH EVENING:—Rainfall will be widespread in Malabar and over the region from the Konkan and East Gujarat to Orissa and North Madras coast and local in Mysore, West Gujarat, Souh Bengal, East Central India, the Punjab-Kumaon Hills and Kashmir. A few showers are also likely in South-East Madras, in the rest of North-East India, the plains of the United Provinces and East Rajputana.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain will occur in the North Andhra districts, Orissa, the Central Provinces, East Hyderabad, the Konkan and the Kumaon Hills within the next 48 hours, but is no longer likely among the Eastern Himalayas and Assam.

WEATHER CHART

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. on 15th July 1947:—

Ahmedabad 94 80 0 4.7 minus 4.6, Allahabad 94 81 T 8.4 minus 2.2, Bangalore 80 69 0.1 8.3 plus 3.4, Baroda 98 78 0.1 5.4, Benares 96 83 0 6.1 minus 3.5, BOMBAY 86 76 1.7 16.7 minus 16.5, Calcutta 92 80 0.3 13.6 minus 2.4, Cawnpore 98 82 0.7 plus 0.4, Cherrapunji 69 65 0.8 178.3 plus 104, Colombo nil, Dehra Dun 84 74 1.8 22.9 plus 2.0, Delhi 105 84 0 0.2 minus 6.6, Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 74 0 7.4 plus 0.3, Hyderabad (Sd.) 106 nil, Jubbulpore 95 80 0.1 9.4 minus 6.6, Karachi 87 81 0 0 minus 2.1, Lahore 90 87 0 0 minus 4.2, Lucknow 98 81 T 6.7 minus 3.3, Madras 93 82 0 2.1 minus 1.4, Mahableshwar 66 63 5.0 39.6 minus 45.1, Mangalore 82 74 3.2 48.1 minus 10.1, Mysore 79 68 0.1 3.9, Patna 92 83 0 7.6 minus 5.2, Peshawar 111 84 0 0.1 minus 0.7, Poona 84 73 0.1 1.9 minus 5.0, Quetta 90 60 0 0 minus 0.2, Shillong 77 66 T 36.8 plus 10.6, Simla 73 59 0.1 8.0 minus 6.1, Srinagar nil, Surat 88 80 0.2 3.7 minus 13.6.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"The Russian method is to ask for 120 per cent of what they really want; and after weeks of obstinacy, to make a magnificent gesture in surrendering the extra 20 per cent. People are so relieved that they forget that, in fact, Russia has obtained 100 per cent. of what she set out to get."

—Harold Nicholson.

The Bombay Chronicle

BEWARE THE TORIES!

It is not for nothing that the Tories of England have earned the unenviable nickname—'Diehards'. Like the village school master, even though vanquished they would argue still; with this difference, however, that theirs is a mentality far removed from the naivete of the simple school master. In the course of the debate in the Commons in the committee stage of the Indian Independence Bill they gave a display of their attitude to India— an attitude which, despite its subtle pose of detachment, was easily recognisable in its ancient, tattered, tory habiliments. Mr. R. A. Butler, the chief Conservative spokesman, for instance, protested his anxiety at fixing the "appointed day" so early as August 15. He argued that if the Bill represented a lasting settlement there was no ground for the great rush and expressed the hope that the date had "nothing to do with any particular instability in the settlement." If Mr. Butler implied, that the two new Dominions would continue as such and that no further constitutional change was contemplated, he is in for disillusionment. Dominionhood is a passing and temporary phase; and the Indian Union almost certainly and Pakistan probably, will refuse to stay inside what his chief, Mr. Churchill, described as the "golden-circle of the Crown", and will become Independent Republics. Of course, they have every intention to continue the most friendly and cordial relationship with Great Britain and her people unless the mischievous Tories, by their tactics, succeed in defeating that purpose.

Evidence of such mischievous intention is to be found in abundance in the speeches of Conservative members. Mr. Butler was most solicitous regarding the position of the Andamans and Nicobars. Winterton pointed out that after all these islands would not have been part of India but for the presence of the British in India. Conveniently forgetting that neither these islands nor India at any time welcomed the British, Mr. Butler stressed the importance of the islands from the point of view of defence and asked if there had been any question of the islands going to one part of India or another. This is but thinly veiled encouragement, if not incitement, to rival parties to put forward their claims. A similar intention is clearly traceable in the suggestion of Mr. Butler that Calcutta may be made an "impartial" or international port so that it could offer facilities for the trade of Eastern Bengal. Sir John Anderson went one step further. "I am not taking sides," he declared, "but I hope that in the financial and economic adjustments that are made special consideration will be given to the backward countries of the portion of Bengal which will go into Pakistan." How much better it would have been if at the time Sir John was the Governor of Bengal and was ruthlessly hunting down every freedom-loving Bengali, this friend of Pakistan had remembered to give some special consideration to the backward districts of Eastern Bengal!

The protestations of the Tories appear in an even more palpable light in their uneoncealed anxiety on behalf of the dissident Indian States. Mr. Butler said that there might be more than one State which would desire to retain their independence and wished that the assurances given to them by the British Government were more satisfactory. He was also very keen on knowing the position of Berar. Mr. Godfrey Nicholson, another Conservative, made the point of this eagerness clearer when he expressed the fear that in the matter of negotiations between the Nizam and the future Dominions, the scales would be weighted in favour of the Dominions. The reply of Mr. Arthur Henderson, Under Secretary of State for India on this point, may have provided some consolation to the injured heart of the Tories, but was very unsatisfactory from the point of view of the people of Berar. According to him "Berar would undoubtely 'de jure' revert to Hyderabad." He went on, however, to add that the province was "administered" entirely by officials of the Government of India and the Government of the Central Provinces and that, therefore, negotiations would have to take place to arrive at an arrangement "in the light of the legal position." Berar is not only being administered by non-Hyderabad officials. It is functioning under the same political and constitutional arrangements— far more democratic and progressive than the political system of Hyderabad—as those which prevail in the rest of India. And above all, the Beraris almost to a man, do not wish to pass under the suzerainty of the Nizam.

Not only about Hyderabad, but about all the States in general the British Government seem to have taken a somewhat indeterminate stand. Sir Hartley Shawcross, the Attorney-General, speaking on the same question, for the Government, expressed the hope "that no irrevocable decision to stay out will be taken prematurely"; but also said that the British Government "do not intend to bring any pressure of any kind upon them." No doubt the future of the States has to be and will be settled in India, chiefly by the subjects of the States themselves, who being weak, might be assisted by their fellow citizens from outside. But not only the British Government, but also the Tories of Britain must school themselves to resist the temptation to encourage any attempt to thwart or impede the will of the people of India, in this or in any other matter. For, on that depends the future of Indo-British relations.

Frankly Speaking

Wanted, Clarification

The confusion as regards the events preceding and leading up to the unexpected decision of Mr. Jinnah to nominate himself on behalf of the Muslim League as Governor-General of Pakistan has naturally caused widespread comments not only in this country but abroad also. For instance, the Moscow Soviet News Agency has given publicity to a despatch of its New Delhi correspondent giving a possible interpretation of Mr. Jinnah's decision. There will naturally be all sorts of comments unless the whole affair is cleared up. Which neither of the parties concerned has done. Mr. Jinnah, it is true, denies that the League had agreed to a common Governor-General, who was to be Lord Mountbatten. "Let me tell you", he said at his Press Conference, "that it is devoid of any truth". But he deliberately left it at that, adding specifically, in fact, that "I do not want to say anything more on this point." But it is precisely an elucidation of the point that was and is needed specially in view of Mr. Attlee's rather plain statement. And because of Mr. Attlee's statement, Mr. Jinnah's omission adds to the confusion. Here is what Mr. Attlee said on Thursday last in the House of Commons: "It had been intimated to us that it would be most convenient to all concerned to have one Governor-General for both Dominions in the initial stages. For some time we proceeded on this assumption, but it has recently become clear, however, that the Muslim League was in favour of a separate Governor-General to be appointed for Pakistan." Who intimated this, on whose behalf and on what grounds? These are questions that in fairness to all concerned should be answered by the British Government. This answer has become necessary in view of Mr. Jinnah's strictly cryptic denial of any suggestion that the Muslim League had originally agreed to have a common Governor-General.

A Pertinent Comment

We commend to the serious consideration of Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League the views expressed by Dr. Choithram Gidwani, President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, on the assurances that the League leader has, as Governor-General-designate, given minorities in Pakistan. There is justice in the Congress leader's insistence that the assurances would have meaning only when they were actually implemented. As Dr. Choithram asks: "If 25 per cent of Muslims could not trust 75 per cent of non-Muslims in India and wanted a separate state to safeguard their rights, how does Mr. Jinnah expect the 30 per cent non-Muslim minority in Sind to rely merely on assurances which have been honoured more in breach than in observance." That there are instances of such breaches is not fairly open to question. The spirit in which Mr. Jinnah spoke on Sunday last encourages one to hope that even before the Dominion of Pakistan comes into being and its constitution formulated and promulgated, Mr. Jinnah will do something to reassure and convince the minorities in Sind and elsewhere regarding the bona fides of the majority.

Plea For Common Deal

As regards the future, Dr. Choithram has pointed out that "the question of safeguards for minorities arises only in a State which makes distinction on basis of religion. But Mr. Jinnah has made it clear that Pakistan was not going to be a Theocratic State, if he means what he said." And he went on to add that "the real safeguard, therefore, lies in having an absolutely non-communal democratic state where all citizens have certain well-defined fundamental rights, irrespective of caste and creed." This is true enough. But while we have no doubt that Mr. Jinnah was genuine in repudiating the idea of a Theocratic State, a minority problem, which indeed is the main reason for the division of India, still exists. Division has not solved it and it exists both in Pakistan and India. It has to be specially attended to whether in a scheme of well-defined fundamental rights or otherwise. And since it is essentially a common problem for both the States because it is reciprocal, a mutually agreed solution will obviously be the best and indeed, the only worthwhile and effective solution. We would, therefore, again appeal to the leaders of both the States to respond to Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad's very wise and statesmanlike suggestion that representatives of the Constituent Assemblies should sit together and formulate a common "Deal" for minorities in both Pakistan and India. An agreement on such a solution will not only be helpful in removing the one great cause for immediate anxieties but will also lay the foundations of cordial and friendly relations between the two which we are glad to note that Mr. Jinnah himself desires as much as any one else.

Congress Secretary Warns Princes Against Violence

"They Must Voluntarily Surrender All Powers To People In Peaceful Manner"

AJMER, July 14, (API): The Indian Princes must consider themselves servants of the people and become constitutional heads, otherwise they were doomed, observed Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C., presiding over the special session of the Ajmer Merwara political conference. He warned the princes against doing anything against the wishes of their people. If they declared themselves independent they would bring ruin unto themselves. They must voluntarily surrender all powers to the people in a peaceful manner, otherwise violence was likely to result.

The statement of Sardar Patel was not the last word but was only meant to meet the present situation. The princes could have a place in the Indian Union only if they became constitutional heads of their States.

Referring to the nomination of Lord Mountbatten as the Governor General of India, Mr. Deo said, Lord Mountbatten had agreed to serve India according to the wishes of the Indian people.

Mr. Deo did not agree to the shifting of the capital from Delhi on the ground that it had been the burial ground of Empires. India would not be an empire but a democracy and Delhi would now become the living ground of democracy.

Mr. Deo said that India belonged to all communities who considered themselves its citizens and if the Muslims did not consider themselves citizens of India then he would tell them India did not belong to them. India and Pakistan could not endure if crores of people in both were aliens.

As regards Ajmer - Merwara, Mr. Deo said he sympathised with the desire of the people of this province for responsible Government but said the question would be dealt with on merits. Mr. Deo asked workers to realise their duty and increase production and not to resort to strikes.

The Conference passed a resolution expressing dissatisfaction with the recommendation of the Union Constitution Committee and demanded that Ajmer-Merwara should be constituted into an autonomous unit, with the right to join any province or group of states having geographical contiguity, cultural affinity, linguistic unity and similar administration.

Travancore Congress Leader Denies Govt.'s Allegations

"Neither Confusion Nor Stone-Throwing At The Meeting: Police Attack Prearranged

(From Our Correspondent)

TRIVANDRUM, July 14.

Interviewed on the press 'communique' issued by the Government of Travancore this morning regarding incidents that took place at Pettah, Trivandrum, yesterday Mr. Petton A. Thanu Pillai, President of Travancore State Congress, said "the 'communique' is intended to justify the reign of terror that Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer has established in the State to suppress public opinion and to penalise political activity. Hecklers and those who put questions to Congressmen during the meetings held by them are as the public know, none other than rowdies engaged by the police and other officers at Government cost. The State Congress has scrupulously kept to their creed of non-violence and has only been trying to focus public attention on important issues relating to the position of Travancore in relation to the Indian Union and the establishment of responsible Government in State.

On the incidents that took place at yesterday's meeting, I have already issued a statement. It is a deliberate lie to say that a Superintendent of Police proceeded to the place of meeting after receiving information of confusion at the meeting. On the contrary, he with a posse of men of armed reserve were at the place of the meeting before the meeting began and there was absolutely no confusion on any one. On personal enquiries, I am in a position to assert that neither the A.S.P. nor any other officer asked the crowd to disperse or gave any warning before attack by police. Nor was there any stone-throwing before the police attacked the crowd and opened fire. The question in regard to relations of Travancore with rest of India is not whether the State has the legal right to stand out of Indian Union or not. In this democratic age no one other than the people of a State can decide it. The aim of the State Congress is to organise the public to make their will prevail.

Sir Ramaswamy Iyer realising this wants to prevent it and ensure the continuance of autocracy. He attributes violence to State Congress in order that he may justify employing brute force to obstruct it. The present 'communique' is only one of a series of false 'communiques' and statements he has been issuing for the sake of propaganda. His false propaganda will not, I am sure, mislead public either of Travancore or outside."

BENGAL BOUNDARY COMMISSION

Session To Begin To-day: Congress To Open Case First

CALCUTTA, July 15 (A.P.I.): Today was the last day for filing memoranda before the Bengal Boundary Commission. Among the organisations which submitted memoranda were the Congress, the Muslim League, the Indian Association, the Calcutta District Muslim League, the Bengal Provincial Hindu Mahasabha and the New Bengal Association. The last two bodies submitted a joint memorandum.

The Congress memorandum, submitted towards the end of the day by the Secretary of the Congress Boundary Consultative Committee, Professor Benoy Banerjee, in a bulky document stated to contain a large amount of statistical material which has had the benefit of revision by the Congress High Command.

Mr. Atul Chandra, Chairman of the Congress Consultative Boundary Committee, will open the exposition of the Congress memorandum to-morrow. He is expected to engage the Commission for not less than two days.

Mr. N. C. Chatterjee, President of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Mahasabha, will present the case of the Mahasabha and the new Bengal Association. In a statement this evening Mr. Chatterjee said that the new province of West Bengal must have sufficient territory to accommodate at least 2,73,00,000 of population, which was the total strength of the Hindu population in Bengal.

The Hindu Mahasabha spokesman emphasised that the frontier of West Bengal would also be the frontier of the Indian Union. Therefore, the security of Hindustan must occupy a prominent place in the discussion of the territorial boundary of Bengal. They could not tolerate the giving up of Khulna as it would make vulnerable the frontiers of Bengal. They should control the whole o Southern Bengal upto the Bay if they wanted to defend Calcutta.

PUNJAB BOUNDARY COMMISSION

LAHORE, July 15 (A. P. I.): The Punjab Boundary Commission held another sitting to-day at the Punjab Assembly Chamber with Sir Cyril Radcliffe in the chair.

Sir Mohammad Zafrullah Khan, Mr. M. C. Setalvad and Sardar Harnam Singh, counsels for the Muslim League, Hindus and the Sikhs respectfvely, met the members of the Commission and discussed with them the procedure to be adopted.

The Commission will begin hearing arguments of the respective counsels from July 21st at the Lahore High Court.

DIVISION OF N.W. AND B.A. RLYS.

NEW DELHI, July 15 (A.P.I.): Consequent on the partitioning of the country, the existing North-Western and Bengal Assam Railways will have to be divided, says a Press 'communique."

The portion of the North-Western Railway falling within the area of Pakistan will continue to be known as the North-Western Railway, while the portion falling within the Union of India and comprising the Delhi and Ferozepore Divisions will be known as the "Eastern Punjab Railway."

Similarly, in Bengal the broad-guage section of the Bengal Assam Railway falling within Pakistan will be known as the "Eastern Bengal Railway."

The broad-guage section south of Chandmari will constitute a separate division and will be attached to the East Indian Railway as the Sealdah Division.

The metre-gauge section of the Bengal Assam Railway beyond Gitaldaha and Badarpur, and falling with the Union of India will be known as the "Assam Railway."

In addition to the above, a small portion of the Western Metre-Gauge section of the Bengal Assam Railway falling outside the Pakistan area will be attached to the Oudh Tirhut Railway.

In each case the exact boundary line will depend on the award of the Boundary Commission.

NEWSPRINT CUT RAISES PROTEST

LONDON, July 15, (Reuter): British newspapers of all political shades, including some who normally support Government, united today in a campaign against Chancellor of the Exchequer, Dr. Hugh Dalton's dollar saving newsprint cuts.

The Rationing Committee of the Newsprint Supply Company disclosed today that to follow the Government order, all popular newspapers would have to return to their wartime size of four pages. Their circulations would be pegged at the June figures.

If the London "Times" decided to restrict sales rather than size, new readers would presumably go on a waiting list until copies become available by lapsing leaderships, as was done during the war years.

Union Jack To Be Replaced By Tricolour

LUCKNOW, July 15, (A.P.I.): The Lucknow Forward Bloc has decided to celebrate August 15 by replacing the Union Jack on the Lucknow residency preserved by the British as their 1857 Victory Memorial, with Tricolour.

High ranking I.N.A. officers have been invited to be present at the ceremony.

AGA KHAN GREETS JINNAH

Pakistan Consembly To Meet On August 10

NEW DELHI, July 15. (A.P.I.): It is announced that the first meeting of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly will be held at Karachi on August 10, 1947.

The members are requested to hold themselves in readiness to attend this meeting. Detailed information will be sent to them as soon as printing arrangements are made.

AGA KHAN'S MESSAGE

His Highness the Aga Khan in a cable to Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Governor-General-designate of Pakistan says:

"Overjoyed your assuming Governor-Generalship greatest Moslem State in the world and greatest Moslem triumph since the fall of the Caliphate. Thank God I have lived long enough to see today".

The Iranian Consul-General in India in a message on behalf of the Iran Government and himself expressed the hope that "under Mr. Jinnah's able guidance the close ties of friendship and co-operation between Pakistan and Iran, the two brotherly nations, will grow stronger and stronger in the years to come".

Mr. Jinnah in a letter has reciprocated the feelings expressed.

Other messages include that of Amir Habibullah Khan, ruler of Kharan State, (Baluchistan), ruler of Junagadh, Mehtar of Chitral, ruler of Amb State and ruler of Bhawalpur.

FRONTIER CABINET MEETING

PESHAWAR, July 15, (U.P.I.): A meeting the Frontier Cabinet was held yesterday at Government House, the Governor presiding.

The meeting which continued its deliberations for two hours and a half is reported to have discussed some provincial affairs of importance.

Prior to the Cabinet meeting, Dr. Khan Sahib, Premier, held prolonged discussions with his three colleagues at his residence.

CONGRESS ORGANISATION IN DIVIDED BENGAL

NEW DELHI, July 15 (U.P.I.): The idea reported to have been sponsored by some section of Bengal Congressmen to set up two separate Provincial Committees following the division of Bengal into East and West Bengal, is understood to be strongly disapproved by almost all top-ranking members of the Congress High Command.

Although for administrative and political reasons, division of Bengal had to be acquiesced in, for purpose of Congress activities Bengal will continue to be regarded as one and undivided, said one influential member of the Congress Working Committee to the United Press of India.

The same source, however, opined that for convenience of work two separate Congress Parliamentary Parties may have to be set up in the two Bengals.

TRANSFER OF SYLHET

Assam Govt. Appoints Committee To Divide Asset & Liabilities

GAUHATI, July 15, (A.P.I.): It is understood that the Assam Government will shortly announce the appointment of a committee to collect facts and figures to be placed before the Boundary Commission following the decision of Sylhet to join Eastern Pakistan. The Government will also appoint a committee to go into the question of division of assets and liabilities.

HOW SYLHET VOTED

SYLHET, July 14, (A.P.I.): Detailed results of the referendum have been issued by the Assam Government in a Press Communique published at Shillong.

The following voted respectively for remaining in Assam and for amalgamation with East Bengal.

FOR REMAINING IN ASSAM:—Sylhet Sadar 38,871, Karimganj 40,530, Habiganj 36,952, South Sylhet 33,471, Sunamganj 34,311.

FOR AMALGAMATION WITH EAST BENGAL:— Sylhet Sadar 68,381, Karimganj 41,262, Habiganj 54,543, South Sylhet 31,718, Sunamganj 43,715.

The total number of voters on the General and Muslim electoral rolls, sub-division by sub-division, is as follows:—

GENERAL:— Sylhet Sadar 48,863, Karimgaj 46,221, Habiganj 60,252, South Sylhet 41,427, Sunamganj 39,045.

MUSLIM:—Sylhet Sadar 92,268, Karimganj 54,022, Habiganj 75,274 South Sylhet 38,297, Sunamganj 51,846.

The Indian Christians on the electoral roll entitled to vote number 347 in the whole district.

PAKISTAN CONSEMBLY SECRETARY

CALCUTTA, July 15, (A.P.I.): Mr. K. Ali Agzal, Secretary of the Bengal Legislative Assembly has been appointed deputy secretary of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly it is learnt here. Mr. Afzal is leaving for Karachi on July 19 to take up his new post.

Armoured Corps Division

NEW DELHI, July 15, (A.P.I.): The names of the units of the armoured corps, artillery and engineers of the Indian army allotted to India and Pakistan as approved by the Partition Council were anounced by General Headquarters today, says a Communique.

The governing principle in allotting these units has been their class composition as in the case of infantry regiments. Units containing a large proportion of Muslim soldiers have been allotted to Pakistan and the rest to India.

The number of units is not, in all cases, a correct index to the proportion allotted to the two Dominions. Some units are smaller than others and many will have to be reorganised later after the voluntary transfer of individuals has taken place.

STEEL QUOTA FOR BOMBAY PROVINCE

Of the steel required for the use of the general public and small scale manufacturers of consumer goods in the Province of Bombay, only one-fifth of the estimated demand has been allotted to the Province. Of this allotment which comes to 21,000 tons for the current year, rods and beams suitable for building purposes total 6,000 tons i.e. 1,500 tons per quarter. The Government of Bombay, therefore, requests the co-operation of the public in matter of distribution of the available steel.

Due to the acute shortage of residential accommodation in urban areas, it has been decided to allot steel to only such buildings as provide accommodation for middle class persons and low-income groups (i.e. not exceeding 800 sq. gt. of carpet area per tenement, exclusive of verandah, passage bath and lavatory.)

KOLHAPUR DEMANDS RETURN OF MALWAN

KOLHAPUR, July 14 (API.) Mr. A. B. Lathe, constitutional adviser to the Kolhapur State, told the Associated Press of India in an interview here today that the Kolhapur State was negotiating with the Congress leaders either for the return of Malwan or for the continuance of the present arrangements between Kolhapur and the British Government, in respect of refence, by the successor authority for India. "The saving clause in the Indian Independence Bill for the continuation of certain agreements between the States and the Dominions did not cover this particular agreement" Mr. Lathe stated.

Malwan, said Mr. Lathe, had been ceded to the British Government by the Kolhaupr Durbar in return for the former carrying out obligations, such as defence. Furthermore, according to the recommendations of the Union Constitution Committee, the Union Centre could levy certain taxes in respect of states for carrying out these obligations.

Poland & Marshall Plan

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter). Poland may reconsider her attitude towards the Marshall Plan if the organisation to be set up by the Paris Economic Conference places itself within the United Nations or the Economic Commission for Europe, a spokesman of the Polish Embassy in London said today.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

"Referring to Berar, Mr. Henderson said while Berar would undoubtedly 'de jure' revert to Hyderabad, the fact that it was now administered entirely by officials of the Government of India and the Central Provinces made it obviously necessary for the Government of India to enter into discussions with the Nizam either to continue the existing arrangement or to replace the present set up in the light of the legal position."—Commons Report.

* * *

After the Muslim League historic claim, Dr. Tin Aung, a Burmese writer and legal expert, declares that Assam belongs to Burma "geographically, racially, legally and politically." Next, we have no doubt, some Chinese writer, legal expert and brother geopolitician, will enter China's rightful claim to Assam.

The best thing to do, therefore, to save Assam from being torn by so many rival claimants and thereby seriously endangering world peace too would be for the province to be kept in India where, Dr. Tin Aung would agree, it clearly doesn't belong "geographically, racially, legally and historically."

* * *

Incidentally, we are rather perturbed to note that Dr. Tin Aung doesn't evidently seem as if he would be content with Assam.

For, he hasn't given any assurance that "this is my last territorial claim on India."

* * *

Speaking in the debate on the India Bill, Mr. Richard Butler, the Conservative leader, referring to the deeply regrettable division of the Punjab, said that as Punjabi-born and knowing most of the districts intimately he felt himself quite heartbroken by this decision.

Loud and prolonged groans and profuse tears.

* * *

Demanding more satisfactory assurances on the subject, Mr. Butler urged that there might be more than one State which would desire to retain their independence and enter into relations with the British Government.

It is to be hoped with Mr. Butler, that the States will respond to this stirrup stimulus and gallop in a stampede towards Britain.

* * *

Mr. Butler asked also: "If the nationals of any State which desired to retain independence travelled abroad under what passport would they travel after August 16?"

Why, obviously on passports as subjects of Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar.

* * *

Broadcasting on July 14 from the Paris radio Mr. Bevin said that Bastille Day "has a historic significance not only for France but also for the world."

For North Africa and Indo-China too. That's the trouble which is bothering poor Frenchmen.

SUIT AGAINST ORIENT GOVT. SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

A Correction

The Manager of Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co., Ltd., Bombay, writes to us as follows with reference to the report which appeared in our issue of the 12th inst. re. Suit No. 2270 of 1940 (remanded hearing) S. D. Medora and another v/s. The Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co., Ltd.:

Our attention has been drawn to a report of the remanded hearing of the above suit before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chagla, which closed on the 11th instant, appearing in the issue of your paper of the 12th instant which we are surprised to read, since the report is not a correct one, but gives an entirely one-sided and unfair view, prejudicial to us of the said remanded hearing and ignores several points decided in our favour at such hearing.

At this remanded hearing the plaintiffs (i.e., the Medoras) had filed a claim for Rs. 21,40,397/- as damages. It was held that the basis on which this claim had been prepared by the plaintiffs was entirely incorrect and this claim was disallowed.

Furthermore, we had contended that on the 9th November 1944 the 1st plaintiff, Mr. Sorabji D. Medora had started soliciting and procuring insurance business for another Insurance Company and so the plaintiffs became disqualified and disentitled to any damages on account of renewal commission from that date, as the bar in the second part of the proviso to Section 44 of the Indian Insurance Act; mentioned by the Privy Council came into operation. After a protracted hearing on this point the Court held that it had been conclusively proved that the 1st plaintiff started procuring insurance business for another Insurance Company, and accordingly the plaintiffs were entitled to damages on account of renewal commission upto 8th November 1944 only, and not thereafter, and the damages were therefore awarded on that basis. This aspect of the case has been entirely ignored in your said report.

As regards the sum of Rs. 82,000 initially awarded to the plaintiffs that amount was paid in the shape of being set-off against a sum of Rs. 75,000/- paid by us to the plaintiffs after the termination of the agency.

We have therefore, to request you to publish immediately a further report mentioning what we have hereinbefore stated. We regret that such an one-sided and prejudicial report of the case, ignoring important aspects thereof, should have appeared in your paper and we trust that you will publish the correction immediately.

BOMB ATTACKS AND WANTON SHOOTING IN HOWRAH

CALCUTTA, July 15, (A.P.I.): Reports of five incidents were received today upto 9 p.m. according to a Bengal Government Press Note issued tonight.

These included a case of bomb explosion in Ahmerst Street area causing injury to one person. Jorasanko and Amherst Street Police stations reported 2 cases involving the use of firearms resulting in injuries to 2 persons. Only one stray assault was reported from Hare Street Police Station. Some 12 persons were arrested on the spot in connection with these incidents.

According to reports received upto 9 p.m. 5 persons received injuries today.

Howrah reported 9 incidents, two being serious cases of shooting by miscreants.

Following one of these incidents in which a gentleman was shot dead in Howrah Police Station jurisdiction, there was considerable tension and danger or retaliation. The District Magistrate rushed to the spot and assured the people that drastic steps would be taken against the culprits. A doctor who was named as the assailant was arrested on the spot.

A member of the police force was the victim in the other serious shooting incident. It is reported that a sergeant accompanying a funeral party noticed a miscreant aiming a gun at the party. During the chase which followed a constable was shot dead by the assailant.

Three more cases involving the use of firearms were reported from Howrah, Bantra and Shibpur areas. Two persons sustained injuries.

Two bomb attacks also occurred today causing injuries to eight persons. Of the 11 persons arrested in this connection, one was an assailant who threw a bomb in a court premises.

During the preceding night there was a bomb attack on a place of worship. This was followed by some retaliation in which firearms were used. The police searched the locality and arrested one person carrying a country-made rifle and 60 cartridges.

SIBPORE ARRESTS

Forty-one persons, including seven women, were arrested yesterday following searches of their houses in Sibpore (Howrah) area in the course of which the police recovered several bombs and some ammunition.

The women suspects are alleged to have concealed the ammunition under their garments during the course of the search. They were later released on bail by the District Magistrate of Howrah.

DEMAND FOR INQUIRY

Mr. S. C. Ray-Chaudhary, Mayor of Calcutta, Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee, Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose and others participated in a meeting held yesterday evening which demanded an inquiry into the incidents of July 7 in Calcutta, when, according to official figures, 25 persons were killed and 141 injured in communal disturbances.

A Publicity Committee was formed to receive and collect statements of police excesses from eye-witnesses, get them published in newspapers and make such use of them as might be necessary. Mr. Makhan Lal Sen is Chairman of the Committee.

TWO STABBED IN MUSSOORIE

DEHRA DUN, July 15 (A.P.I.): Two men are reported to have been stabbed at Mussoorie following an altercation. One died soon after and the other is in a critical condition. The alleged assailant has been arrested.

Bombay Ban Extended

BOMBAY, July 15, (A.P.I.): The Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, has extended for a further period of one month from July 16 his order prohibiting assemblies and processions in Greater Bombay.

The order prohibiting the carrying weapons or corrosive substances like acids in Greater Bombay has also been extended for a further period of one month from July 18.

INDIAN RESOLUTION DEFEATED

LAKE SUCCESS (New York), July 15 (Reuter): The United Nations' Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East, sitting as a Committee, yesterday adopted by five votes to nil with only Russia abstaining, the principle based on the British proposal that territories within the geographical scope of the Commission but not members of the United Nations should be admitted as Associate Members of the Commission.

Earlier an Indian resolution that states not members of the United Nations should be admitted as full members of the Commission was defeated by five votes to three with two abstentions.

Voting on this motion was: For, India, the Philippines and Siam, against, China, France, Holland, Russia and the United States. Britain and Australia abstained.

Students On Hunger-Strike

CALCUTTA, July 15 (API.) Eight students, convicted in connection with the Viet Nam Day demonstration in Calcutta in January last, are on hunger-strike in Alipore Central Jail from this morning, according to the Secretary of the Bengal Civil Liberties Committee.

In a statement to the press the Secretary says that these students have been denied the status of political prisoners and they have been put to indignities. He appeals to the Bengal Ministry to intervene at once not only to meet the grievances of the student prisoners but to set them free.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

During the week ended the 11th July, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 4,17,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Danger To Britain's Socialist Programme

Communist Offensive Against Marshall Plan

LONDON, July 16 (A. P. A.): The Communist Party of Great Britain said to-day that American assistance under the Marshall Plan would force Britain's Labour Government to abandon the Socialist programme on which it was elected.

"This policy of coalition with American capital is increasing the pressure of the British Tories for coalition in Britain and another 1931", said a Party statement.

The Labour Prime Minister, the late Ramsay MacDonald, formed a Coalition Cabinet during the 1931 economic crisis.

LONDON, July 15 (I.P.A.): Commenting on effect of Marshall's offer Mr. Harry Pollitt, Secretary of the British Communist Party, stated it aimed at placing European countries and their economics under American big business control and these proposals would make conditions for Britain more serious than the American loan. He was afraid of forcing a slowdown of Government's nationalisation programme and subjecting Britain's economy to the approaching American slump. In his opinion it would mean reducing food imports, increasing taxation, rising prices and increasing shortage and finally abandonment of the election programme of 1945.

Mr. Pollitt asked the Labour movement to rally strength to demand abandonment of support for the Marshall policy, national economic plan to tackle crisis, revision of American loan agreement to restore freedom of action over imports and exports, cutting overseas military expenditure and reorganisation of Government by replacing Ernest Bevin and Morrison.

BRITAIN FALLS IN DOLLAR TRAP

MOSCOW, July 15 (Reuter): The official Soviet newspaper "Izvestia", commenting to-day on the speed with which Britain was using up the United States loan, declared that Britain had fallen into the "dollar trap."

"If the American philanthropists behave so cruelly to their Anglo-Saxon brother, one can easily imagine the real character of such 'aid' promised to ther European countries." "Izvestia" wrote.

"The ghastly speed at which the U. S. loan to Britain has vanished has seriously perturbed the British people.

"Having once fallen into the dollar trap, Britain may either be forced time and again to beg from the United States cap in hand, or tighten its belt and look longingly at its Dominions where it could get the goods without any waste of dollars.

"Such is the real character of the alleged altruistic United States aid or Europe."

'Quit India' Oratory In Commons

(Continued from Page 1)

more significant friendship between our two countries."

A great deal had been said during the debate on this Bill, on the subject of the Muslim and Hindu communities and the difficulties resulting from their inability to co-operate. But it should not be forgotten that there were also other important elements of the community, the Sikhs and Pathans.

It was not possible to give each community the complete and undiluted self-government which had been given to the two major communities. But that fact did nothing to diminish Britain's sense of care and interest for the welfare of the Sikhs and Pathans.

If these two communities continued to show the same restraint during the present situation, the British Government hoped and believed that the two new Dominions would do their utmost to admit the reasonable claims of the two splendid peoples who had contributed so much to the life of India.

CLAIMS OF DEPRESSED CLASSES

Sir Stafford said he was equally alive to the claims of the Depressed Classes in India and other communities, and was glad that these had been given full representation in the Minorities Commission set up by the Constitution Assembly of India in accordance with the suggestion made by the Cabinet Mission, and also that their representatives were working closely with the majority party to evolve a fair and full protection for them in the future constitution.

All who were conscious of the geograpical, economic and social conditions of Pakistan and the new India would express the hope that the peoples and Princes of the States would throw in their lot with the people of India or Pakistan, to the very great benefit of all.

It was most undesirable, said Sir Stafford, that Britain should attempt to interfere in this matter or to force a solution in any particular direction. What was done must be freely done and must be acceptable to the States as well as to the people of India and Pakistan.

"At this moment, when we part with our Suzerainty in India, we must express a sincere hope that the two new Dominions will enter into closest relations with one another and will come to work within the Commonwealth of Nations in a manner which will outweigh any particular or local consideration in India.

"We have started to build the bridge between two great world civilisations, which have much to learn from each other, and should have much to contribute to one another. The success which we can show the world in the years that lie ahead in this co-operation may well have a profound effect upon world history."

Sir Stafford Cripps continued: "Everyone must realise the great difficulties which lie ahead—so great that they might cause lesser men than the Indian leaders of to-day to shrink from going forward into independence. In these coming days we shall be ever ready and anxious to help them from our experience in any way we can.

"It is not merely in name that they will become our sister nations within the British Commonwealth. That family association will place upon us a responsibility, which we gladly and cheerfully accept, to do our utmost to forward their independent progress and prosperity.

BLOTTING OUT PAST DIFFERENCES

"In giving what I hope and believe a unanimous third reading to this Bill, we blot out for ever the misunderstandings and differences which have from time to time in the past embarrased our relations with the Indian people.

"India and Pakistan will take their place proudly in the comity of free and independent nations of the world, strengthened, we believe, by the close ties of friendship with which they will be linked as new members of the Commonwealth.

"We all hope, too, that the time will come when the present bitterness and opposition between them may be engulfed in the single purpose of the progress and prosperity of all people of the Indian Continent, whatever their race or creed.

"In that great forward journey, which begins on August 15, which will become for India an historic day, we wish them godspeed and we assure them we shall ever be by their side in time of difficulty to extend a helping hand.

SALUTE TO INDIAN LEADERS

"Their leaders, who have struggled and suffered for the faith that was in them through the long and hard years, we salute now as fellow workers in the cause of world peace and progress. May the sun which has now arisen on their independence never set upon their freedom and prosperity."

There were cheers from all sides of the House, as Sir Stafford sat down.

Mr. Richard Butler, Conservative, associated the Opposition with the sentiments Sir Stafford Cripps had expressed. Sir Stafford, he said, had rendered signal service to the cause of Indian self-government. The Opposition supported the third reading—the friendly atmosphere in the Committee yesterday had proved that.

"Well, we are here this afternoon to celebrate a conclusion which in most of its aspects can be regarded as satisfactory.

Among the new forces, excluding the revolutionary ones, was the place which he felt sure would be taken by the women of India.

The women of India had a great part to play in Indian deliberations and he hoped they would continue to mix in public life and so greatly enlarge the area of talent upon which the new Governments could draw.

Mr. Butler trusted that they would play their part to improve the social conditions in India. If they did so, he felt those conditions might very rapidly be improved.

"Some of us know the difficulties and sorrows of the partitions that are taking place, in particular in the Punjab. It may be too much to hope that there will be no unfriendly gestures and no unfortunate skirmishes. But let us at least hope that under the new Dominion relationship which will prevail, frontiers will be set up which may be as friendly as the famous frontier between the United States and Canada.

In a reference to Bengal, Mr. Butler said he hoped there would be satisfactory access to the port of Calcutta. Although the partition of India was necessary at the present time, as history developed, certain contacts must be made between the two portions of India, and he trusted that a conception of a greater whole would arise.

PROBLEM OF STATES

Regarding the Indian States, Mr. Butler said: "I maintain that the handling of this question is in marked contrast to the rest of the settlement. We of the Opposition have always stressed the importance of the States in India as an integral question by itself and one deserving the utmost consideration.

"I am told that the Government have been nervous about the Balkanisation of India and nervous about giving too much opportunity to the States to assume an independent position and not to join one or the other side".

"I can understand the dangers of Balkanisation", Mr. Butler declared. "I believe the parcelisation of some of the States in India was a feature of Indian life which some Government or other will have to deal with eventually.

"We cannot, on the information we have, exclude the probability that some States may desire their independence. Some States, we are sure, will want to remain independent and have relations with us. It is clear that the Government are not going to be pressed on this matter, and are not going to say any more because they do not wish to force a solution.

"I trust that when it becomes clear that a unit among the States desires to maintain its independence, the Government will enter into relations with the State and handle it with sympathy and understanding.

"The State of Hyderabad, for example, has more inhabitants itself than any British Dominion including Canada, and at least the size of France".

PROBLEM OF MINORITIES

On the minorities, Mr. Butler said "scant attention has been given to minorities, especially in the Committee stage. It is virtually impossible to raise their case. Indeed it is very difficult to do so because this House is today deciding to transfer sovereignty and power to the Indians themselves.

Dr. Ambedkar, the leader of the Scheduled Classes, who has himself served the cause of self-Government, has told me it would be helpful if some reference could be made to his community.

"I therefore say I trust that when the new Constitution is made, full consideration will be given to the position of the Scheduled Classes themselves.

No Brief From Pt. Nehru

Achut Patwardhan Says He Is Watching Events For Socialist Party

LONDON, July 15, (I.P.A.): "I am not an envoy of Pandit Nehru, I am watching events in London for Socialist Party and on my behalf. It would be unfair to identify Pandit Nehru with my views I expressed here, for they are my own and those of the Socialist Party". Thus writes Mr. Achyut Patwardhan in today's "Daily Telegraph".

Columnist "Peterborough" wrote in "London Day by Day" of July 10 that Pandit Nehru has sent a special envoy to London with a watching brief and he is the forty-year old Congress Socialist leader, Achyut Patwardhan. This caused misunderstanding among London Indians and others which could have been dispelled by the Indian Government's Press Relations Officer who apparently ignored this.

GUERILLA ADVANCE "STOPPED"

Situation In Epirus Area Well in Hand, Says Greek Govt.

ATHENS, July 15. (Reuter): The advance of the 2,500 guerillas "supported by foreign elements" reported to have been attacking the Greek town of Konitza near the Albanian border has been "stopped", the Greek Government said today, describing the situation there as "considerably improved".

Government sources said their forces had partly encircled the guerillas and were subjecting them to double fire.

The Athens news agency said earlier that the guerillas' force, alleged to have come from the Albanian frontier, had been reinforced.

Muslims of Albanian origin from Epirus, who fled from Greece into Albania at the time of the liberation, have been identified among the guerillas, the agency stated.

Other reports said members of the United Nations Inquiry team from Salonika, who flew to the area yesterday, had verified the presence of "foreigners".

The Greek Government this afternoon denied a report that Yannina, about 25 miles south of Konitza, was threatened and reaffirmed that the situation on the Epirus was well in hand, the initiative resting with the army.

It was also officially announced that the number of people arrested in the Athens area yesterday on suspicion of planning sabotage was 2,600 bringing the countrywide total within the week to more than 6,000.

Mahatma's Advice To Bengal Congress

NEW DELHI, July 15. (A.P.I.): Addressing the prayer meeting this evening, Mahatma Gandhi said that the Congress Committee in Bengal must never look upon Bengal as divided. The B.P.C.C. would act as before, though there would be Sub-Committees in the two halves working under the parent body.

The Congress was national. Its doosr were open to every Indian who chose to enter its portals, he added.

He was also asked why Profulla Babu and Suresh Babu who were of Eastern Bengal, were serving as Ministers in Western Bengal, thus deserting their brothers of East Bengal. He saw no reason whatsoever why they should not serve in the west. It did not mean they were deserting their homes. In fact, they would serve as links and strengthen the bonds between the two provinces.

Mahatma Gandhi asked them not to see evil everywhere. All Muslims were not bad just as all Hindus were not bad. It is generally the impure who see impurity in others. It was their duty to see the best and have no fear.

Visitors To Mahatma

NEW DELHI, July 15 (API.) Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Shankerrao Deo and Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, Editor, Amrit Bazar Patrika met Mahatma Gandhi this morning.

Pandit Govind Vallbh Pant called on Mahatma Gandhi in the evening.

Viceroy Presides Over Partition Council

NEW DELHI, July 15 (API.) In the morning, the Viceroy presided over a meeting of the Partition Council.

In the afternoon, the Viceroy received His Excellency the Comander-in-Chief.

In the evening the Viceroy received the following:—

Sir A. Ramaswami Hudaliar, Sir V. T. Krishnamachari.

Gaekwar Offers 10,000 Guineas For Colt

NEW MARKET, July 15 (Reuter). Acting on behalf for the Gaekwar of Baroda, who is in India, trained Fred Armstrong bid 10,000 guineas to secure the colt By Nearco out of Sol-d'or today at Newmarket's July 2 Bloodstock sales, comprising yearlings only.

LEAGUE MOVE DISALLOWED IN CONSEMBLY

(Continued from page 1)

party influences. There were many checks provided to ensure fair appointments.

For the rest of the constitution, it was agreed that the draft should be made on the adaption of the present 1935 Act with suitable alterations.

This report contained roughly 85 per cent of the draft, the rest being covered by the Advisory Committee on minorities.

MOHANI'S COMPLAINT

Maulana Hazrat Mohani by an amendment sought to postpone consideration of the Provincial Constitution until after the report of the Union Constitution Committee had been considered. He stated that he was not moving the amendment in a communal spirit or with the intention of delaying the proceedings of the House, but pointed out that the report had very cleverly proposed to deprive the provinces of some of their legitimate rights. The provinces wanted much more than mere Provincial Autonomy envisaged in the Provincial Constitution Report. They wanted to be Socialist Republics—members of an Indian Socialist Republic. The Maulana complained that the mover of the report wanted to delegate as little power to the Provinces as possible.

JAWAHAR'S REPLY

Pt. Nehru replying to Maulana Hasrat Mohani's criticism, said that the Maulana would have been justified in his objections if the House had proceeded to frame the Provincial Constitution without first deciding the principles on which both Provincial and Union Constitutions were to be based. As it was, the Assembly had passed the Objectives Resolution, clearly stating those principles. After that it did not matter which part of the constitution-making was done first, because essentially the House was to be guided in its deliberations by that resolution.

The report on the Provincial Constitution, Pt. Nehru explained, was ready earlier than the report on the Union Constitution and thus it had been presented for consideration in order to give the members more time to think over the Union Constitution Report, which had been prepared only a week ago.

There was nothing secret about either of the two reports. The only thing to be kept in view was that they did not work against the spirit of the Objectives Resolution.

MUNAVALI SUPPORTS

Mr. Munavali supporting Maulana Hazrat Mohani said until it had been decided what sort of constitution the Union would have it would not be possible to draw up the Provincial Constitution.

Pt. Balkrishna Sharma opposed the postponement of consideration of the report. It really made very little difference whether the Union Constitution was considered first or the Provincial Constitution because the Objectives Resolution was already there to guide the House; if anything in either of the reports contravened the terms of that resolution any member was at perfect liberty to point it out. If Maulana Hazrat Mohani wanted the provinces to become Socialist Republics, he was at liberty even now to move amendments to the clauses in the report.

Mr. Nazir Uddin Ahmed agreed with this view.

Replying to the debate, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel said while Maulana Hazrat Mohani had pressed for postponement he had not given any valid reasons for this. The real point was whether it was better to stand on one's legs or on one's head. "We prefer to stand on legs and start with the provinces and go up. Some people try occasionally acrobatic feats and stand on their heads. It is open to them to do so."

Referring to Maulana Hazrat Mohani's suggestion that in moving the Provincial Constitution Report first he (the mover) had performed some trick, Sardar Patel said he had been unable to understand where the trick was.

Sardar Patel's motion to take the report into consideration was adopted by the House.

DEBATE CLAUSE BY CLAUSE

During clause by clause discussion, Maulana Hazrat Mohani moved an amendment to Clause (1) which provides for the election of Governors to Provinces on the basis of adult suffrage. The Maulana sought to replace the Governors by presidents. The object of this amendment, he explained, was to make the provinces not merely autonomous units of the Union but full fledged Provincial Socialist Republics. The report was a trick and a fraud on the people of the provinces.

The House at this stage adjourned till to-morrow when further consideration of the clauses would be taken up.

NOMINATIONS FOR VICE-PRESIDENTSHIPS

The Constituent Assembly Office has received the nomination of Sir V. T. Krishnamachari and Dr. H. C. Mukherjee for the two posts of Vice-Presidentships of the Constituent Assembly. As there is no other candidates both of them are expected to be declared duly elected.

Dr. Mukherjee was elected Vice-President during the first session but he has had to be re-elected on account of the procedure followed for the partition of Bengal.

FIVE NEW MEMBERS

Five new members signed the register in the Constituent Assembly today. These included Mr. Hossain Imam, President of the Council of State, and States' representatives.

MODEL CONSTITUTION PROVISIONS

NEW DELHI, July 15. (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel this afternon presented to the Constituent Assembly the report on the principles of a model Provincial Constitution.

The Provincial Governors, according to this report, are to be elected directly by the people on the basis of adult suffrage and shall hold office for four years except in the event of death, resignation or removal. The Governor might be removed from office for stated misbehaviour by impeachment. The charge is to be preferred by the Provincial Legislature, or where the Legislature is bicameral, by the lower house and to be tried by the upper house of the Federal Parliament. The Resolution should in each case be supported by not less than two-thirds of the total membership of the house concerned. A Governor would be deemed to have vacated office by continued absence from duty or continued incapacity or failure to discharge his functions for a period exceeding four months.

A Governor would be eligible for re-election only once.

Casual vacanacies in Governorships shall be filled by election by the Provincial legislature on the system of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote.

QUALIFICATIONS

Every citizen of the Federation of India who has reached his thirty-fifth year of age shall be eligible for election as Governor.

Disputes regarding election of Governors shall be determined by the Supreme Court of the Federation. A Governor shall not be a member of a Provincial Legislature and shall not hold any other office or position of emolument. His emoluments and allowances are to be determined by an act of the Provincial Legislature.

EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY

The Executive Authority of the Province is to be exercised by the Governor either directly or through officers sub-ordinate to him but this would not prevent the Federal Parliament or Provincial Legislature from conferring functions upon sub-ordinate authorities.

The Executive authority of a Province shall extend to matters with respect to which the Provincial Legislature can make laws. To deal with Indian States desiring to have a common administration with a neighbouring Province in certain specified matters it has been provided that in such cases the rulers concerned might by special agreement cede the necessary jurisdiction to a Province.

COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

There shall be a Council of Ministers to aid and advise the Governor in the exercise of his functions but the Governor might be required to act in his discretion in the following cases:—

1. The prevention of any grave menave to peace and tranquillity in any part of the Province (2) The summoning and dissolving the Provincial Legislature, (3) The superintendence and control of elections and (4) The appointment of the Chairman and members of the Provincial Public Service Commission, Auditor-General etc.

The Ministers shall be chosen and summoned by the Governor and shall hold office during his pleasure. In the appointment of Ministers and his relations with them, however, the Governor shall be generally guided by the conventions of responsible Government, the validity of anything done by Governor shall not however be called in question on the ground that it was done otherwise than in accordance with these conventions.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

The Legislature of a province will consist of the Governor and the Legislative Assembly but if the Constituent Assembly members from any Province so decide an upper house shall also be instituted.

The representation of the different territorial constituencies in the Assembly shall be on a population basis with not more than one representative for every lakh of the population, subject to a minimum of fifty for any Province.

The elections shall be on the basis of adult suffrage—an adult person being a person of not less than 21 years of age.

The Provincial Assembly shall continue for four years normally unless dissolved earlier.

UPPER HOUSE

The total strength of an upper house, if any, should not exceed 25 per cent of the lower house of that Province. Within certain limits, there should be functional representation in the upper house on the lines of the Irish Constitution, the distribution being as follows:—One-half to be elected by functional representation on the Irish model, one-third to be elected by the lower house by proportional representation and one-sixth to be nominated by the Governor on the advice of his Ministers.

LANGUAGES IN LEGISLATURES

The provincial Legislature shall conduct business in their respective Provincial languages, or in Hindustani or in English.

ORDINANCES

Under exceptional circumstances which call for immediate action, the Governor of a Province may promulgate ordinances if the Legislature is not in session but all such ordinances shall be laid before the Legislature and shall cease to operate at the expiration of six weeks from the time the Provincial Assembly reassembles.

JUDICIARY

For the Provincial Judiciary, the report suggests that the provisions of the Government of India Act 1935 relating to the High Court should be adopted "mutatis mutandis", but judges should be appointed by the President of the Federation in consultation with the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Governor of the Province, and the Chief Justice of the High Court of the Province.

TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

In a section entitled 'transitional provisions', the report recommends that person holding the office of Governor immediately before the constitution comes into force should continue to be the Governor until a successor duly elected under the constitution assumes office. There should be similar provisions in respect of the Council of Ministers, Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council if these provisions are necessary to ensure that there is a Government and a Legislature ready to take over power in each Province as soon as this constitution comes into force.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

Everyone, like every nation, has its own problems. In Shanghai, according to a U.P.A. message, Chinese barbers, shocked by a movie are threatening to commit mass-suicide. The movie is alleged to slander barbers.

Handbills distributed by the barbers in protest say:

"If this film is allowed to be shown, posterity will not find any barbers to do them service."

The film in question is reported to have portrayed a barber who seduced a billionaire's mistress.

Jai China!

This sort of thing will go down well in our ashram circles.

Our Home Department (the Keeper of Public Morals) should seriously consider sending the barbers of Shanghai our congratulations on their strike for morals.

Reminds me of Kurnool, somehow!

* * *

The U. K. has opened a Trade Publicity Bureau in Bombay. The news is announced following the resolution of the Government of India to control imports. I hope the Trade Bureau covers its costs.

* * *

The rationing authorities have laid hands on a Bombay citizen who had 17 ration cards in his own name. The man is likely to be prosecuted by the Government of Bombay, because he is only a "bhaiya".

A taxi-driver in whose taxi rode a member of my family said that he had just been driving a well-known Hindu gentleman whose residence is his own house on Malabar Hill. The gentleman, whose name cannot for obvious reasons be divulged, is known and respected by the Government of Bombay. This individual entered a taxi with several bags full of rice, in spite of the fact that he owns a car. These four or five bags he parked at different places in town. The taxi-driver turned to him, addressed him by name and said, "If people like you hoard black-market rice, what chance have the poor?"

The individual did not reply. When he got down, he gave the taxi-driver a ten-rupee tip.

Jai Hind!

* * *

If this city and this country lacks character and if the average man is a potential black-marketeer, we have only our leaders to blame for this. Here is a country on the eve of freedom and there is not one single slogan, not a poster, not a handoffl to celebrate the occasion and to tell the average man what freedom means. Publicity in India has always been regarded as an unnecessary expense. One day we shall pay heavily for this.

Java Rice For Dutch Tools

BATAVIA, July 15, (Reut... The Indonesian Republic an Government announced today a barter agreement whereby two-thirds of the textile and agricultural tools owned by the Dutch Government in Australia will be exchanged for 76,000 tons of rice in the Republican ports of Java.

The rice is to be delivered between July, 1947 and June 1948, at the initial rate of a thousand tons a week. The first ship from Australia is expected within a month.

The pre-war shipping service between Australian east coast and Java ports is expected to be resumed late in August.

CRITICAL STAGE IN ANGLO-SOVIET TALK

MOSCOW, July 15, (A.P.A.): Harold Wilson, Secretary for British Overseas Trade, plans to depart by special plane for London tomorrow leaving about 23 of his economic delegation in Moscow.

Wilson, it was stated in authoritative British circles, expects to return shortly to the Soviet Capital. The Secretary is taking him some of his top experts.

The Anglo-Russian trade talks entered a critical stage today.

Harold Wilson, Chief of Overseas Trade in Britain's Board of Trade and leader of the British delegation announced that the negotiations were still continuing.

B.E.S.T. WORKERS' UNION

The following Office Bearers constituting the Working Committee of the Union were recently elected unanimously for the year 1947-1948:—

President: Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai, Vice-President: Mr. Kassam Ali Khan, B.D. 392. General-Secretaries: Mr. G. G. Mehta, Bar-at-Law, Mr. M. B. Salgamkar, B.D. 193. Joint Secretaries: Mr. Indris R. F. Gulkhan, B.D. 8, Mr. H. B. Shinde, T.C. 758, Mr. G. V. Joshi, T.C. 1606, Mr. R. Upadhaya, B.D. 472, Mr. Kashinath Anyaba, check No. 447, Mr. Nabiullah Nizamudin, check No. 1107, Mr. K. M. Jamil, B.St. 142. Treasurer: Mr. Lalitmohan J. Kinariwala, Assistant Treasurer: Mr. B. V. Deval, Insp. No. 27.

Complete Autonomy For Chandernagore

Subbiah Reveals French Govt. Decision

PONDICHERRY, July 15 (APA):—The French Government has decided to grant complete financial and political autonomy to Chandernagore, a French Indian settlement in Bengal.

The French Governor is to conduct talks with the local political organisations with a view to deciding the future political status of other French Indian settlements.

This was disclosed to reporters by V. Subbiah, the member from French India on the Council of the French Republic.

Subbiah, who recently visited Paris, said that Pandit Nehru had expressed willingness to meet him at Delhi to discuss the future of the French Indian settlements.

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SPO/7

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GREENS' ADVTS.

INEVITABLE INCIDENCE OF DOMINION STATUS

Attlee's Apologia For Division Of Armed Forces

LONDON, July 14 (Reuter): The Prime Minister, replying to Sir Walter Smiles' (conservative) suggestion that the Division of armed forces might lead to 'murder and bloodshed' said that everybody regretted the division of the Indian Army. "It has a magnificent record both in the two wars and between the wars, but it is a necessary consequence of the setting up of two dominions in India that there should be division of the armed forces. I am afraid we cannot get over that. It is the inevitable incidence of Dominion Status, though we hope of course there will be close collaboration on the question of defence."

GURKHA FORCES

Referring to the Gurkha Forces, the Prime Minister said that as Britain was concerned negotiations had been taking place with the authorities in Nepal and with the agreement of India. These negotiations had been going extremely well. There was no attempt on Britain's part to see that the Gurkhas serve with anyone they did not wish to and officers were shortly going out to India to try and settle the whole matter.

"I think it is important", said the Prime Minister "that we should continue to have the use of the Gurkha troops as in the past" (cheers from both sides of the house).

Mr. Attlee said British officers, who remained with the Indian armies after the appointed day, could be serving as volunteers. The Commander-in-Chief considered it essential to the sucessful accomplishment of the very difficult and delicate project, that Indianisation of the army, which had been going on at a great pace, should be slowed down to a certain extent and that a porportion of British officers should be invited to stay on after August 15.

The terms of that service would shortly be announced and during that period officers would be formally transferred to the British Service.

Negotiations were now proceeding with regard to the future of the Royal Indian Navy and he would let the House know when any fresh information came to hand on this matter.

NAPIER BARRACKS TO HOUSE SIND SECRETARIAT

Final Plan For Housing Pakistan Govt. On July 25

KARACHI, July 14. (API): The Governor Sir Francis Mudie is expected to return to Karachi from Ziarat (hill station in Baluchistan) on July 25 and plans for housing the Pakistan Government personnel will be finalised at a Cabinet meeting.

Today the Ministers held a conference with Mr. A. Faruqui, Chairman of the Housing Committee and Mr. Abdul Majid Khan, Pakistan Government Estate Officer. It has been finally decided to shift Provincial headquarters from the Sind Secretariat buildings to the Napier Barracks on July 25 and the shifting work will be carried out by the military authorities.

The Chamber of Commerce buildings are being taken over for housing the personnel of the British High Commissioner as well as the U. K. Trade Commission. Twelve new bungalows are being requisitioned for the Pakistan Dominion Ministers.

Two more officials of the Pakistan Government, namely Mr. A. H. Noon, Superintending Engineer of the construction circle and Mr. Rahimtoolah, Executive Engineer of the building division arrived in Karachi today.

Four Arab States Accept Invitation

Prepared To Testify Before U.N. Special Committee

JERUSALEM, July 15 (Reuter): Four Arab states—Egypt, Iraq, Transjordan and the Lebanon—have accepted the invitation of the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine to testify on the Arab case, an authoritative Committee source stated last night. Replies, it was added, were still awaited from the Yemen, Saudi Arabia and Syria.

The Committee was making provisional arrangements to leave Palestine next Sunday for the Lebanon which, according to present plans, is the most likely venue for a meeting to hear the Arab States.

The Arab States were invited to state their views on Palestine after the Palestine Arabs themselves had decided to boycott the Committee.

BI-NATIONAL SOLUTION

JERUSALEM, July 15 (A.P.A.): Mordehai, Ben Tov, the Leader of the Jewish Left Wing Socialist "Hashomer Hatzaia" party, said today: A bi-national solution for Palestine, together with constitutional parity for Jews and Arabs, seems to offer the United Nations Enquiry the only prospect for reaching a unanimous decision."

Tov added that the recommendations for a bi-national solution would establish an array of forces which Britain could not easily disregard "without compromising herself in the opinion of all those member states of the united nations who accepted in good faith the call to grapple with and evolve a lasting solution to one of the most tragic problems of history."

Britain's Economy

LONDON, July 14. (Reuter): Britain is going turn some of her scarce sugar, fats and cereals into the manufacture of a limited quantity of beer, biscuits and chocolates to get dollars for vital basic supplies like feeding stuffs, Food Minister John Strachey announced in the House of Commons today.

Mr. Strachey declared that the target would be £10,000,000 worth of these special manufactured foods annually—enough to buy nearly half a million tons of additional feeding stuffs.

M. P & WIFE VICTIMS OF FOOD POISONING

WINCHESTER, HAMPSHIRE, July 14. (Reuter): Mr. David Eccles, a Conservative Member of Parliament and his wife, were the latest victims today of a food poisoning epidemic which has been sweeping Britain.

Both are in a nursing home here and are said to be "very ill".

Five others of sixteen guests attending a public luncheon also collapsed.

One man died and ten people are still ill, suffering from food poisoning after a party on Friday night at a Lincoln Hotel.

Woman Climbs North America's Highest Peak

NEW YORK (Reuter)

Mrs. Bradford Washborn a Boston socialite, has succeeded in climbing Alaska's 20,070-feet Mt. McKinley North America's highest peak.

Mrs. Washborn is the first woman to set foot on top of Mt. McKinley.

FORMER JAPANESE MANDATED ISLES

Senate Permits U. S. To Assume Trusteeship

WASHINGTON, July 15 (Reuter): By a voice vote, the Senate approved an agreement permitting the United States to assume trusteeship for the former Japanese mandated islands in the pacific.

As the House of Representatives has approved agreement—previously sanctioned by the United Nations—this completes Congressional action on the issue and permits the agreement to go into effect.

CALCUTTA EDITOR ACQUITTED

CALCUTTA, July 15, (API): The Calcutta High Court has set aside the conviction and sentence of fine passed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta on the Editor and Printer and Publisher of the Bengali Daily "Ananda Bazar Patrika" in connection with the publication of a news item regarding alleged desecration of two places of worship at Chapai – Nawabganj in Malda district. The Editor was fined by the Magistrate Rs. 200 and the Printer and Publisher Rs. 50.

The crown case was that the Government of Bengal had prohibited the printing or publishing of any document containing a reference by way of news, comments or otherwise of any incident in or connected with any communal disturbance at any place in India. If such reference contained any description of any desecration or attempt desecration of any place of worship. In violation of this order the petitioners published a news item regarding desecration.

The petitioners argued that the order of the Bengal Government prohibited publication of any incident connected with communal disturbance in any place in India. There was no communal disturbance in the District of Malda where the incident took place. This appeared to be the fact both from the evidence and the judgment of the Magistrate.

The Judge, Mr. Justice Sen held that the contention of the petitioners should prevail as the particular incident reported in the paper was not committed in course of any communal disturbance.

He added that orders of this description, whereby the press was restricted from publishing news must be construed with strictness and caution. If an order was reasonably capable of being construed in favour of liberty of the press it must be so construed.

DELHI MALAYALEES SUPPORT TRAVANCORE AGITATION

Consembly Members Condemn Sir C. P.'s Isolationist Policy

NEW DELHI, July 14 (A.P.I.): A meeting of the Malayalee residents of Delhi held here today passed a resolution viewing "with horror and disgust the act of unparalleled terrorism practised on the people of Travancore by Sir C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar" while recording its "protest against the unconstitutional and unlawful methods used by him to prop up his dictatorship in the state", the meeting "extends its sympathy to the people for Travancore in their struggle for Responsible Government", the resolution adds.

The meeting appealed to Indian National Congress to give such "direct aid and advice to the people of Travancore there, as will from time to time be necessary if they resort to a struggle against the autocratic form of Government that Sir C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar seeks to impose under the cloak of independence."

Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan, Member of the Constituent Assembly, who presided, felt that in the matter of independence of Travancore the Dewan's views did not represent the opinion of the people of the state. It was rather difficult to understand why the people of Travancore had not expressed their opinion a little more loudly than they had done. "It is possible, as it was possible in Germany, to do.

CAN'T REMAIN IN ISOLATION

As things stood today, no country could remain in isolation. How could one small state like Travancore in this big country remain isolated from all other parts of India? She hoped that regardless of consequences the people of Travancore would voice their feelings in this matter.

Mr. Sri Prakasa, member of the Constituent Assembly, said, "we cannot allow Travancore to be independent. That is the long and short of it. Travancore's independence must be wedded to the independence of the rest of the country and if Travancore refuses to join the Indian Union, we must force it to join us. There are precedents in history where seceding states have been forced to join the Union. If various parts of the country were permitted to declare independence, then the independence of the whole country might be lost again.

Mr. P. Govinda Menon, Minister of the Cochin Government, said it must be clearly understood that those States which were joining the Indian Union would be as independent as the Provinces. The question was whether a State should remain in isolation or join the Union for the common benefit of all the units, and not whether a State should become independent or dependent. Cochin, which had decided to join the Union, believed that the people of Cochin would have far greater independence by joining the Union than they would have by independence in isolation.

PEOPLE TREATED AS CHATTELS

Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister of the Madras Government said that in Travancore, Hyderabad, Kashmir and other states which wanted to declare independence, the people were being treated as chattels. If this state of affairs continued, he was afraid the position of the ruling families would be affected, because the people were bound to assert themselves.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, Member of the Constituent Assembly, said that the ruler of Travancore, like other rulers, had betrayed the trust reposed in them by the people when they surrendered their rights and liberties to the British. Was such a ruler fit to rule again? If another invader came to conquer this land, would he not play the same role as he had played before the British?

Mr. Ayyangar also criticised the Nizam's move for independence. In that State, where 90 per cent of the people were Hindus, Martial Law had been declared in Warangal. The Nizam also wanted Berar. He was sure the people would assert themselves.

Mr. C. K. Nair, Leader of the Local Travancore Agitation Committee, moving the resolution before the meeting, alleged that ration cards were issued in Travancore only to supporters of the independence movement and that those who spoke in public meetings against the movement were belaboured and even stabbed.

Momins Can Now Become Congress Members

PATNA, July 14 (A.P.I.): A resolution removing the ban on Momins from becoming members of the Indian National Congress was passed by the Working Committee of the All India Momin Conference which met here under the presidentship of Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Ansari, Acting President of the Conference and Minister of Rehabilitation, P.W.D. and Industries, Bihar and concluded its deliberations after a two-day session yesterday.

LUCKNOW LEAD TO INDIAN MUNICIPALITIES

LUCKNOW, July 15 (A.P.I.): All roads in Lucknow, bearing names of British personalities will be re-named after Indian leaders, according to the decision of the Lucknow Municipal Board. The motion, which was tabled by Mr. B. K. Mathur at the Board's meeting yesterday, was acclaimed by all sections. The Chairman was authorised to appoint a seven-man committee to invite and adopt suggestions.

Design For Free India's Flag

It Must Be A Visible Symbol Of The Intensely Spiritual Heritage Of India's Culture

(By Prof. P. S. Naidu, Dept. of Philosophy, Allahabad University).

The question of a National Flag, which will be a fitting symbol of the successful culmination of our struggle for independence and which will at the same time remind us of the best and highest in our hoary traditions and cultural achievements is engaging the attention of the keenest intellects of our country. The Government of India have appointed an influential committee to go into details, and suggest a suitable design for a flag for Free India. A few noteworthy articles have appeared in the press setting forth valuable suggestions for such a design. The question is of nation-wide importance, yet its solution will brook of no delay as the flag must be ready on August 15. I propose to discuss certain important aspects of this urgent national problem and to suggest a design for a Free Indian Flag.

In designing a national flag the following considerations should be kept prominently in view: (1) The flag must have an intense emotional appeal for the nationals; (2) it must suggest the best and highest in the traditions and cultural achievements of the country; (3) it must embody in some visible form the historical struggle for freedom; and (4) it must not be sectarian.

Symbol Of India's Spiritual Heritage

So far as Free India is concerned the secession of the Pakistan regions has to some extent simplified the problem of designing the national flag. The new flag must perforce be a visible symbol of the intensely spiritual heritage of our culture. The yellow colour which is considered most auspicious by our countrymen, the white lotus and the yellow Swastika are most suitable for this purpose. So far as the historical antecedents of our struggle are concerned, there is nothing that can represent them more vividly and forcibly than the famous tri-colour. The design given above comprises all the elements that should form part and parcel of our national flag.

1. The Tri-colour Flag of the Congress. 2. White Lotus base. 3 Yellow Swastika. 4 White circle round the yellow Swastika. The colour of the Flag is yellow.

Some critics may take objection to the Svastika because of its associations with repulsive Nazism. But it must be remembered that Hitler stole the symbol from India. The Svastika is of pure Indian origin. It has its birth in our sacred scriptures and 'kalas'. The "Manasara" mentions the Svastika type of architecture as the most auspicious. Mahamahopadhyaya Prof. P. K. Acharya, Head of the Department of Sanskrit of our University, the renowned editor and translator of "Manasara", and an international authority on Indian architecture, has built his own house on this auspicious Svastika plan. Moreover, the German Svastika is black, ours is yellow; the former is left-handed and inclined, the latter right-handed and erect; the former has a red background and the latter yellow.

The design submitted herein is the most suitable for Free India and merits the careful consideration of all those engaged in settling the final form of the flag for Free India.

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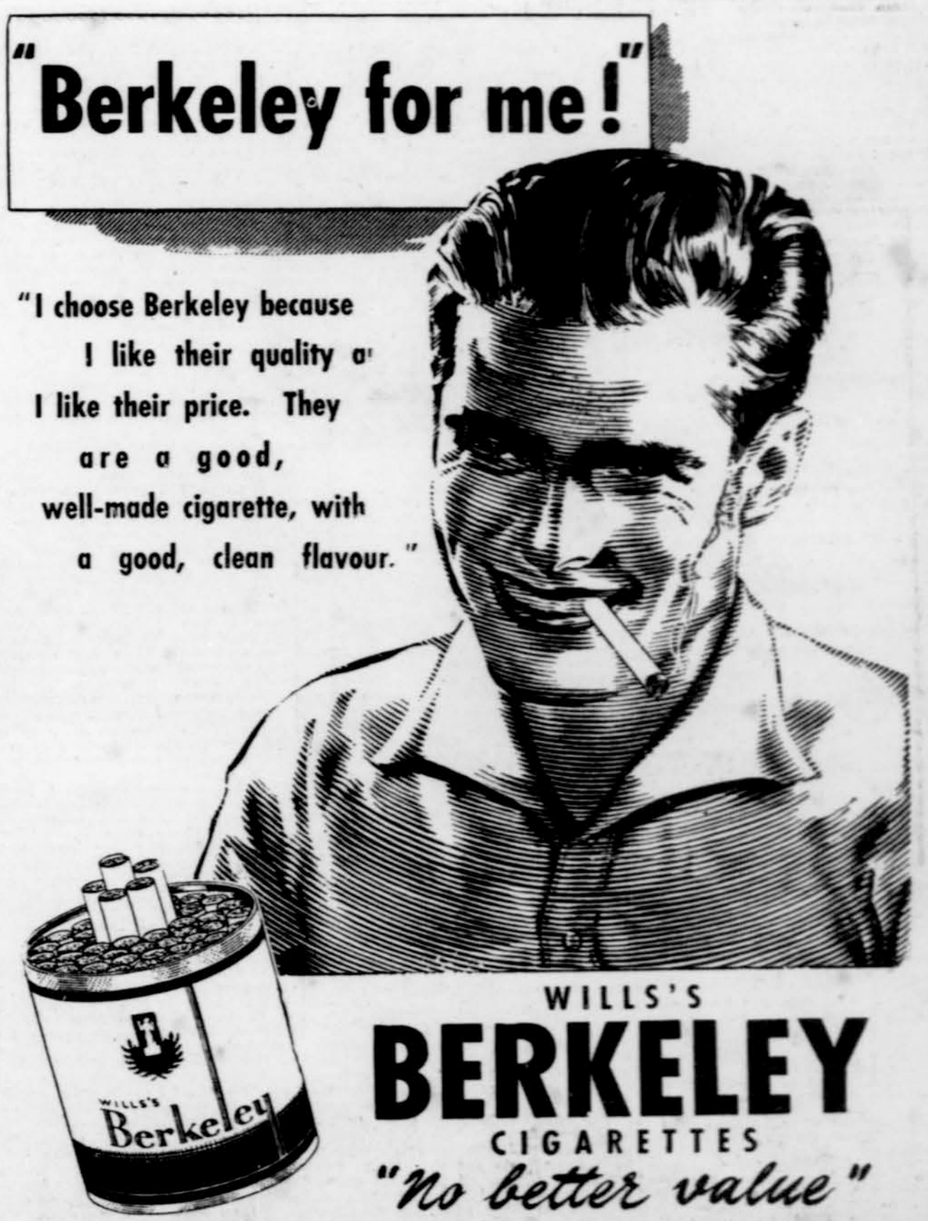
"I choose Berkeley because I like their quality and I like their price. They are a good, well-made cigarette, with a good, clean flavour."



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BK/29

Tata Steel Shares Look Up On Stock Exchange

COTTON QUIET ON STEADY LONG LIQUIDATION

Gold And Silver Remain Dull With Declining Tendency

BOMBAY, July 15.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly steady today with moderate buying. The general confidence is returning and as pointed out before the market is gradually going up. Recent rains proved a helping hand to the upward move. There was moderate buying and the undertone of the market was good. In the miscellaneous section there continues better enquiry while week holders are securing profits in mill shares while steel shares still continue promising.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs 2120 and advanced at Rs. 2147 while Ordinary shares hardened at Rs. 418. Bombay Dyeings also improved at Rs. 1210 and Kohinoors were done at Rs. 673/12. Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 370. Scindias again improved further at Rs. 36/2. Bombay Burma advanced at Rs. 540. Associated Cements looked up at Rs 183/8 while Central Bank shares were done at Rs 100/10. Tone of the market was good.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1205 Kohinoor 672 Swadeshi 670 Nagpur 347 Simplex 370 New Great 424 Gokak 363 Indore 625 Century 982/8 Colaba 270 I. Bleaching 160 Swan 368 Finlay 327 Morarji 615 Edward 740 Meyer 241/4 Apollo 4/11/6 I. U. Ordinary 17/4 I. U. Defd. 3/5/6 Madhusudan 305 Podar 360 Khatau 322/8.

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 419/8 Tata Steel Defd. 2155 Second 169/8.

CEMENT.

Associated Meger 183/8.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 547/8 Bellapur 284 Shivrajpur 41 Scindia 36 Construction 243 Tata Chemical 15/2 Tata Oil 73/8 Indian Iron 36/12 Bengal Steel 29/13.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 117 Tata Hydro 183 Andhra 1645 Power 1765

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 94/8 Phoenix 1225 India Manufacturing 3700 Kooria 290 Dawn 1602/4 David 155 New City 240 Minerva 211/14 Bradbury 632/8 Bharucha (Dfw.) 6/12 Bharat 56 Mysore 261/8 Madhavji 17 Model 200 Laxmi 1615 Vishnu 635 Weestern 3600 Standard 505 Sholapur 6125 Sassoon Cotton 17/8 Hindustan 4125 Tata 85 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 78 New Union 17/8 Shrinivas 350 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 260 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 73/8.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 158/12 (New) 116/4 Surat 243/12 New Prem. 171 Karachi 145 Ajmer 13 Amalgamated 20/4 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 205 Bombay Suburban 165 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 90.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 120 Imperial 2315 P. P. 572/8 Central X. R. 101 Coupon 22 India 240/8 Union 11/6 Baroda 171 Habib 167 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 80 Jaipur 60/8 Hindustan Com. 48 Mysore 390 Exchange (Ord) 53 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 5650 Empire 790 New India 80/12 Jupiter 32 Vulcan 15/4 Indian Mercantile 57/8, Universal Fire 18 British India General 22/8 Industrial Prudential 40 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 32.

RAILWAYS

G. P. 108/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 101

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 650 Steamer 576/4 Burma New 192/8 Burma Petrol 3/11/6 Mackenzie 161/4 Port Canning 81 Kemp 480 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 105/8 Wimco 300 Dharmasey Chemical 34/8 Mukund Iron 11/12 Dena Trust 18 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 325 United Motor 65 A.C.C. New 57 Bombay Safe Deposit 835

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref). 211 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1395 Tata Power 1461/4 Hydro 137 Bombay Steamer 315 Nagpur 697/8 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 815 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 122/8 Bradbury 540 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 121/8 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 1st Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/6 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 150 Mysore Mill 51

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/11 B.I.C. 9/15 Burma Corporation 5/1 New Victoria 5/6 New Victoria Preference 7 Raja 35 Phalton 110 Gold Mohor 370 Kaiser-i-Hind 400, Sajjan 290 Osmanshahi 297/8 Ajamshahi 265 Air Services 15 Air India 185 Birla Motor 8/11 Marshal 7/4 I. Steam 15/10.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, July 15.

The cotton market is expected to open at 2-30 p.m. as a mark of respect to the death of a partner of a member firm and the Secretary of the Staff Union.

The market opened quiet at Rs. 452 for September delivery and declined at Rs. 451/8. July was nominally quoted at a discount of Rs. 12|- at Rs. 439/8.

The market declined at Rs. 449/12 on steady long liquidation but there was a partial recovery and the market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. July	....	439	4 0
I.C.C. September	....	451	0 0

COTTON TENDERS.

On Monday 800 Bales were tendered against July contract. So far total tenders amounts to 17,050 Bales.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1644 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, July 14.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
July	443-1/2	441	441
Sept.	454-3/4	451-3/4	452-3/8
Karachi 4F			
July	49-10-9	49|-3	49-4-6

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, July 15.

Tata Ordinary 419/8; Tata Deferred 2155; I. Iron 36/12; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 29/13; Bombay Dyeing 1205; Central India 346/14; Gokak 363/2; Kohinoor 671/14; Simplex 370; Swadeshi 670; Tata Power 1765; Associated Cement 183/8; Belapur 283/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 547/8; Scindia 36; Central Bank 101/4; New India 80/10; Tata 2nd Pref. 169/6.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, July 15.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/11 4/12 4/11/6 4/12/6 4/11/6
Bharat 56 57/4 56
B. Dyeing 1180 95 87/8 1207/8 1190 1210 5
Bradbury (Ord.) 630 32/8
Bradbury (Pref.) 533/12 40
C. India 345 38 44 39 48 47
Colaba 265 70
E. Textiles 730 40
Elphinstone (Ord.) 93 94/8
Finlay 326 22 28 26 27
Gokak 358 56 62 59 63
I. U. (Defd.) 3/5 3/6 3/4/6 3/5/6
I. U. (Ord.) 17/4 17/3 17/4 17/3 17/4 17/3 17/4 17/3/6 17/4
Indore 635 32/8 37/8 26/4 30 25
Khatau 325 22/8
Kohinoor 675 68 72 69 71 69 72 70 71 63 66 64 72 70 72
Meyer 240 37/8 41/4
Model 200 198/12 200
Morarji 612/8 15
New City 240
New Great 425 23 27 23 25 24
Podar 360 57/8 60
Simplex 370 62 70
Swadeshi 674 66 71 68 70 63 70
Swan 370 68
Tata Mills 84/4 84 85
Vishnu (Ord.) 635
Phoenix 1226

BANK.

Baroda 171
Central 100/8 101/4 100/8 101 100/8 101
Habib 166 67 66 67
Imperial (Old) 2315 10 20 15
Imperial (New) 572/8 75 72/8
India 241/8 40/8
Reserve 119/8 20/8 20
Union 11/2 11/4 11 11/6
U. Commercial 79/8 79 80

ELECTRIC.

Andhra Valley 1635 45
B. Tram (Ord.) 116/8 17 16/8 17
Hydro 180 83
B. Suburban 165 63/12 65
Power 1760 65
Power (Pref.) 1460 61/4

INSURANCE.

Jupiter 32
New India 80 79/12 81 80/8 80/12
Vulcan 15 15/4
Scindia Steam 35 36/4 35/11 36/2 36

STEEL.

B. Steel 29/8 29/12 29/8 29/13
I. Iron 36/5 36/7 36/4 36/12
Tata (Defd.) 2120 25 15 37/8 27/8 32/8 20 47/8 40 57/8 55
Tata (Ord) 412 13 11/8 16 12 17 16/8 19/8
Tata (IInd Pref.) 169 69/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 617/8 30 25 55
A. C. C. (Old) 179 84 83 84/8 83 83/8 82 84 83/8
A. C. C. (New) 56 57
Belapur 280 85 80/8 84
B. B. (Old) 530 32/8 30 35 30 47/8
B. B. (New) 183/12 92/8 87/8 92/8
B. B. Petrol 3/14/6 4/0/3 3/15/6
I. Bleaching 160
I. I. Trust 105 105/8
Kemp Co. 470 80
P. Construction 216 26 23
P. Construction (1st Pref.) 126 27
Shivrajpur 41
Tata Chemical 15 15/6 15 15/4 15/2
Tata Oil 74 73 74 73/8
Wimco 310 300

SPECIAL.

Kohinoor Coupon 73/8 74/8 73/8
Central Coupon 22 21/8 22
Central Bank (New) 101
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 115 16/4
Berar Mfg. 260
Vishnu Cotton (Pref.) 815
Madhusudan Coupon 30
McKenzie 161/4 53/12 61/4

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, July 15.

The Bullion market was again quiet today on increased selling pressure in Silver. Later on there was scattered short covering.

Ready Silver opened today at Rs. 169|14 and declined at Rs. 168|10 on general selling but recovered at Rs. 169|2 on short covering. Forward Gold opened today at Rs. 111|12 and declined at Rs. 111|- but raillied at Rs. 111|8. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 111|14 while sovereigns were placed at Rs. 73|8.

Towards the close the market was quiet and the session concluded as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	169	2	0
Ready Gold	111	5	0
Forward Gold	111	0	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 15.

The produce market was steady and although there was some realising the undertone was good. Buyers remain cautious. In linseed the market anticipates good business with Australia.

Castorseeds September delivery opened at Rs. 155/12 and declined at Rs. 155/4. May delivery opened at Rs. 137/8 and declined at Rs. 136/12. Ready quotation was Rs. 33/12 and Cawnpore Bold were placed at Rs. 31/4. Castorseed oil first pressing was quoted at Rs. 21/12 and Commercial quality was placed at Rs. 20. Linseed July August opened at Rs 31/2 and declined at Rs. 30/14 while September October after opening at Rs. 30/12 quietened at Rs. 30/10. Ready linseed was quoted at Rs. 31/4 and linseed oil stood at Rs. 19/8.

Groundnuts Khandesn quality were quoted at Rs. 35 while Coromondal Madras stood at Rs. 34. Groundnut oil spot quotation was Rs. 21 July Rs 20/7 August Rs. 20/9 and September Rs. 20/12.

In the afternoon the market was dull with restricted business. There was some selling in Linseed by upcountry and July-August was quoted at Rs. 30/12 and Sept.-Oct. stood at Rs. 30/6. Castorseeds September closed at Rs. 154/10 and May at Rs. 136/4.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 15.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Months.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES.

B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs 329

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2 not under L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs 3550

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. nil

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157 1/4

Burma Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 100 1/2

New York/London Cross Rate doi 4.02 5/8 to 4.02 3/4.

London Discts 3 mos. 17/32%.

London Discts 6 mos. 9/16-5/8%.

Reserve Bank Rate 3% Bank of England Rate 2%.

Money:—Call 1/4 p.c, 3 Months 1/2 p.c, 6 Months 3/4 p.c. 12 Months 1-1/4 per cent.

Tone: Easy

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE FAIRLY STEADY

CALCUTTA, July 15.

The market continued steady and a fair business was put through. Following are todays final transactions upto 1-0 p.m.

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 100/11.

BANKS: Bharat Bank 8/2.

COTTONS: Dunbar 305 Kesoram 23/8 New Victoria Ordy 6 Ditto Pref 8 small lot.

COALS: Amalgamated 49/4 Bengal 632 Burrakur 35/13 Churulia 7/2 Equitable 56/2 Kalapahari 44/1 Katras Jerriah 47/8 West Jamuria 44/6 Bhalgora 18/7 Central India 13/12 Western Bengal 10/11.

JUTES: Alliance 386 Anglo-India 442 Barnagore 303. Howrah 88/10 Presidency Jute 8/11 Reliance 75/12 Champdany 276 Megna 145.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp 5/2 Indian Copper 3/12 Karampura Dev 41/11 Tavoy Tin 2/2 Assam Bengal Cement 12 Ct Dalmia Cement 11/12 Sone Valley Cement 11/8 Alkali and Chemical 25/8 Bathgate and Co 8/6 Calcutta Electric 30/8 Bhartia Electric Steel 23 Kumardhubi Eng 12/6 Marshalls 6/12 Steel Corp 29/2 Textile Machinery 11 BIC Corp 9/14 F and C Osler 15/10 Indian National Airways 12/10 Jardine Henderson 192 National Tobacco 48/8 Rohtas Industry 13/10 Mysore Paper 17/4 Ct Titaghur Paper 43 Small Lot Ct Midnapore Zemindary 129 India General Navgn 178 Small Lot India Steamship 15/8 Sugars Carew and Co. 19.

TEAS: Central Cachar 139 Dauncherra 18/12 Ct Dimakusi 500 Eastmara 99.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, July 15.

3 per cent conversion 1986 Loan business was done today at Rs. 100|12. Other loans were steady.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, July 14.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	31-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	110-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	105
Funding Loan [p c 1960/90	116-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	118-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12-3/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	116-1/2
National Bank of India	33-3/4

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

We give below the net profits of the Imperial Bank of India for the half-year ended 30th June and their distribution:—

Net Profits for the half-year ended 30th June, 1947, Rs. 61,69,700; Brought forward from 31st December 1946, 41,81,2000. Total Rs. 103,30,900.

The Directors have declared a dividend of 14 per cent per annum absorbing, Rs. 39,37,500; Transferred to Reserve Fund, Rs. 5,00,000; Transferred to Pension Funds, Rs. 1,21,400; Bonus to Staff, Rs. 13,30,000; Carried forward, Rs. 44,42,000. Total Rs. 103,50,900.

PAKISTAN'S COTTON DEAL WITH SPAIN

Representatives In Barcelona

BARCELONA, July 14, (UPA): Representatives of the Indian Cotton industry in Pakistan area arrived here today in their swing through Europe and reported they were checking the relations between India and European countries concerning the cotton industry.

The group consists of Messrs F. B. Dalar, Secretary of the Karachi Cotton Exchange; R. M. Leuna of Virem Ledha and Company and Mr. J. Hackel of International Cotton.

Mr. Ledha said, "We have dealt with important affairs with the Board of Trade and the Cotton Control Exchange in London and also the Giro Commercial Organization of the French Government in Paris. We are studying the general situation in Holland, Belgium, Spain and Italy, especially insofar as it pertains to the cotton industry and commerce between India and those countries."

EXPORT ALLOCATIONS TO BELGIUM

WASHINGTON, July 14, (UPA): The Agricultural Department today announced export allocations of 15,000 long tons of oilseed cake and meal to Belgium for shipment in the October-December quarter and of 900 long tons of water soluble blood meal to Finland for shipment in the July-December period.

The announcement said that the Belgian allocation is to fulfil the commitment to supply oilseed cage and meal in exchange for palm oil.

The Finnish allocation covers a special type of blood meal used in the plywood industry and this is in excess of domestic requirements.

LONDON SILVER

LONDON, July 14, (UPA): The price of silver on the London market was today quoted at 39-3/4 pence per ounce for both spot and forward.

Brokers said that there was little industrial buying in a small and steady market.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, July 14, (UPA): The price of silver remained unchanged at 64-3/4 cents per ounce on the New York market today.

The volume of business done was small, between 200,000 and 300,000 ounces.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, July 14, (UPA): Trading was lifeless during today's session of the London pepper market.

White pepper was quoted at 1/11-1/2 and black at 1/4-1/4.

NEW YORK SEED PRICES

NEW YORK, July 14, (UPA): The following were closing prices of seeds on the New York Market today:

Black pepper	31 to 32 cents
White pepper	47 cents
Castorseeds	dol. 200 asked
Cottonseed, old crop	dol. 90 to 110
Flaxseed oil	dol. 6
Linseed oil	28.4 to 30.4
Peanuts	20-1/2 to 21

In the futures market, black pepper bid was down 200 today, although no actual transactions occurred. The lower bid reflected the easier tone in the spot market where many holders are liquidating part of their stocks in an effort to uncover some appreciable buying interest. However, business continues on a small lot scale. Closing prices included: July 32 nom; September 30 nom; October 29 nom; December 27 bid; January 29 nom; March and May 27 nom.

WORTH STREET CONCERNED OVER SPIRALLING COTTON PRICES

NEW YORK, July 14, (UPA): Dealings on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market were today dominated by concern regarding the continued spiralling of raw cotton prices. Dealers, who last week had curtailed business as a result of the forward movement in the cotton futures market, were again confronted with a steadily rising market as the new week began.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

CHICAGO, July 14.

GRAINS: Despite reports of extremely favourable weather most belt, deferred maize contracts advanced sharply on good commercial demand and commission house buying with the latter associated with inflationary psychology and the strong stock market. On the other hand increased hedging and reports of an easier cash market adversely affected wheat with stocks at Kansas city in past week increasing 3,842,000 bushels to 4,556,000 bushels and compared with last year's total stocks of 9,639,000.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, July 14.

T. T. London on:—

New York selling 4.0275, buying 4.0325, Madrid 44.00, Montreal selling 4.0275, buying 4.0325, Zurich selling 17.34, buying 17.36, Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, July 14.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 103 July-August.

New York Cotton Prices Decline After Early Rise

GENERAL REALISING AND HEDGE SELLING

NEW YORK, July 14, (U. P. A.): Cotton futures seesawed over a fairly wide range today in active dealings in the early session but trading quieted down near the close when the prices further weakened on persistent commission house profit taking and the staple dropped into a new low ground for the day. The list finished 39 to 55 lower than on Friday. The opening prices were two to 20 higher with July traded at 39.58, the highest price recorded since 1919. The early rise was influenced by commission house buying as the market is still dominated by tight cotton supplies for the coming season. Immediately after the opening, however, increased profit taking attracted by recent high prices depressed the staple by 50 cents per bale from the high levels. Soon after, the market firmed again on renewed trade buying and covering by shorts. Textile mills were buying nearby futures against textile sales and were acquiring later deliveries to protect their raw cotton requirements.

The prices, after the first hour's trading, ruled 13 to 29 above the previous close. Towards noon, trading quieted somewhat and prices developed easier tendencies on renewed spurts of profit-taking and subsequently the list moved into a new low ground for the day.

TRADER'S PROFIT-TAKING.

Market experts are of the opinion that the lower prices were mostly the result of traders' profit-taking in view of the recent high prices and that the drop was technical.

Private advices report that a few South-Western mills bought a fair quantity of the new crop cotton but the mill interest was mostly centered around the Government's crop acreage report. Private crop advices were generally favourable with a fair movement of the new crop expected from the Rio grande Valley later this week while in most other sections of the cotton belt, little movement is anticipated before the latter part of August. The early firmness of today's market was also a reflection of the scarcity of offerings during the current in-between season movement of the new crop.

According to the Commodity Research Bureau, "if the U. S. Government goes ahead with its apparent desire to rehabilitate Europe, statistical considerations in some commodities will decline in importance."

Traders believe that the market is expected to sell high before July is liquidated and then may ease somewhat. Another opinion said that "we look forward to October to follow July and prices should rise sharply after July goes off the board. We are in a bull market."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, July 14.

July	38.83—55
October lowest	33.90—43
October highest	34.59—76
October lowest	33.90—43
December	33.11—39
January	32.65—39
March	32.65—47
May	32.20—52
Middling Spot	38.87—56

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

July	38.80—49
October	33.47—33
December	33.05—28
March	32.61—14
May	32.24—18
Middling Spot	37.90—40

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, July 14.

American Telephone & Telegraph	157-1/2
Amarex Holding Co.	30
Anaconda Copper Mining	38-1/8
Chase National Bank	35-1/8
Sinclair Oil	16-1/4
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	54-1/2
General Electric Co.	38-1/4
General Motors	60-1/2
Ingersol Rand	127 bid
International Nickel	32 3/8
National City Bank of New York	40-1/3
New York Central Rail Road Co.	15-7/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	17
Texas Corporation	64-1/2
Union Carbon & Carbide	110-1/8
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	50-1/4
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	76
Western Union Telegraph	24-5/8

EXPECTED DECREASE IN U. S. COTTON CROP.

WASHINGTON, July 12: The Agriculture Department estimates that U. S. cotton supply for this year will be 14 million bales as compared with 16 million last year. That includes the 1947 crop plus carryover from 1946. Domestic consumption and exports for 1947 are estimated at 13,400,000 bales.

An Agriculture Department estimate of cotton acreage last week brought a sharp advance in cotton prices. Although the acreage this year is higher than last year's acreage, it is lower than the cotton trade had estimated. Cotton prices have increased steadily during the past year and growing conditions this year are reported as only fair to about average.

U. S. TO EXPORT 153,100,000 LBS OF FATS AND OILS.

WASHINGTON, July 14,: The United States will ship 153,100,000 pounds of fats and oils to other countries and territories during the third quarter of this year, according to fats and oils allocations for the July-September period announced by the Agriculture Department.

This will include 110,200,000 pounds of commercial exports to recipients throughout the world, and 42,900,000 pounds for countries receiving aid under the U. S. general relief program and for the U. S.-U. K. occupied zone in Germany.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, July 14.

July 2.35 to 2.35-1/4.
September 2.31-3/4 to 2.31-1/2.
December 2.31-1/2 to 2.31.
May 2.27-3/4 to 2.28.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, July 15.

Coiryarn Beypore 170/180, Quilandy 200/210, Fibre Garbled 155, Ungarbled 150, Cocoanuts Raw 160, Dry 220, Cocoanut Oil 600, Copra Office 395, Dilpasand 420, Madrasnottam 475, Pepper Wynaad 560, Country 550, Dry Ginger Chernad 300, Ernad 275, Coffee Robusta 90, Timber Pali 50/55, Junglewood 28/30, Vellapine 40/45, Benteak 48/50 Teak 78/85, Mango Planks 3/3/8 Teak 12/17/8 Rosewood 12/18.

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"THE DEATH OF ADOLF HITLER"

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Prof. D. M. BORGAONKAR, M.A.

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"An extremely well-written one-act Play" 'THE SOCIAL WELFARE, BOMBAY'

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Very interesting and instructive reading during leisure time.

"HELP THE RED CROSS"

Copies can be had from the Honorary Secretary, Indian Red Cross Society, Holkar State Branch (Office of the Inspector General of Hospitals) Holkar State, Indore,

and

Messrs. SINVHAL BROTHERS, Booksellers, Topkhana Main Road, INDORE. (4438)

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Pyorrhea or trench mouth may be indicated. PYROZIDE TOOTH POWDER is scientifically prepared for home co-operation with your dentist. The effectiveness of PYROZIDE has been universally known to the dental profession for almost half a century. Use PYROZIDE TOOTH POWDER twice daily for its hygienic and cleansing effect. At all druggists.

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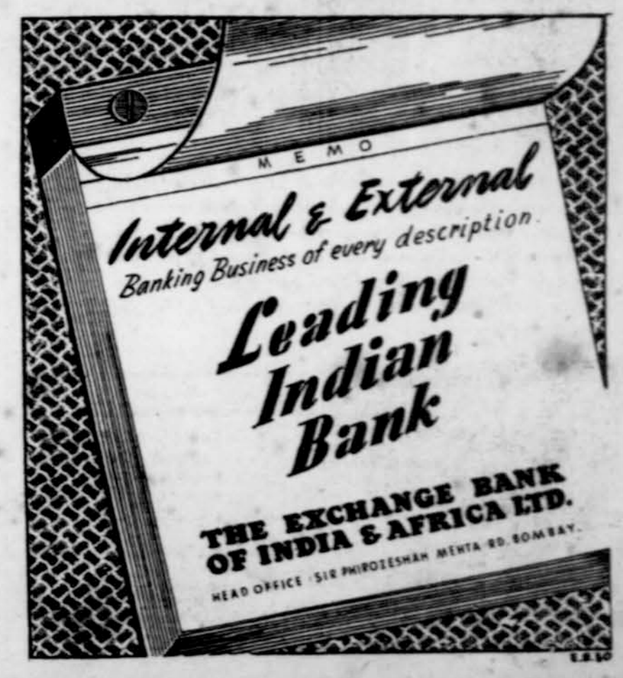
Central Bank Buildings Fort. BOMBAY

(4)

MUTT AND JEFF—And The Cops Are More Polite Than They Used To Be At That

By BUD FISHER

YOU WERE ALMOST RUN OVER AGAIN THAT TIME! NOW DON'T BOTHER ME! BEAT IT!
I WAS ONCE MISTAKEN FOR HERBERT HOOVER!
I WAS OFTEN MISTAKEN FOR F. D. R!
THEY THINK I'M CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS!
COLUMBUS? YOU LITTLE SAP, HOW COULD ANYBODY TAKE YOU FOR COLUMBUS?
I'LL PROVE IT!
CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS, ARE YOU HERE AGAIN?
BISTOR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To be paid in advance.

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Officer Invites confidential correspondence from cultured, beautiful, knowing cooking, virgin or widow below 22 of any caste. View Life-Companionship. Apply Box No. 6507, "Bombay Chronicle."

Young Muslim bachelor of good family, desirable in education, culture, profession, earnings, physique and appearance wants to marry a young girl. Must be beautiful, healthy, educated and of good family. Orphan or poor girl preferred. All communications guaranteed strictly private. Apply Box No. 6447, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted an experienced Ration Clerk to take full charge of Ration Shop. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (6501)

Wanted Immediately Shorthand Typists, Typists and Gujarati knowing General Clerks for Solicitors Office previous experience preferred. Apply Box No. 6498, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Manager for an up-country Textile Mill. Long experience, intimate knowledge of spinning and weaving essential. Apply with copies of testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 6389, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted four M.As or B.A. (Hons.) with Economics as Lecturer or Tutor in Bombay on Rs. 150/- p.m. and in Ahmedabad, Sholapur and Khandesh on Rs. 120/- p.m. and a Graduate Typist on Rs. 100/- p.m. plus dearness allowance. Please apply to Box No. 4441, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a man with First-Class knowledge of Urdu, Hindi and English for translations. Please do not apply unless your knowledge of these three languages is unquestionably thorough and of current usage. Good salary, excellent prospects for go-ahead man. Apply to Box No. 4446 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS WANTED

A Law Graduate efficient and disciplined with experience of a solicitor's firm, management of estate and public institution and financial investment, seeks employment. Write Box No. 6457, "Bombay Chronicle."

OFFICE PREMISES WANTED

Wanted An Office Premises in the locality of Phirozshah Mehta Road or Hornby Road in exchange with an office premises at Karachi situated in a nice locality. Please correspond Box No. 6503, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

National Homoeopathic Medical College—Navsari—opening 15th July. Admission to Matriculates upto 1st August. Hostel accommodation four years' course H.M.B. For prospectus apply Principal. (6489)

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AGENTS WANTED

Wanted District Agents throughout India for canvassing subscribers and Advertisements on liberal commission. Apply for terms with 9 pies postage to: The Industrial India, Imperial Press, Trichinopoly. (S.I.Ry.) (6506)

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Wanted a Friction Clutch, brand new or Second-hand in working order to drive 7 bowl Mather & Platt Calender. Apply the Hirjee Mills, Ltd., Fergusson Road, Bombay 13. (4388)

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MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Ice Plant, for Immediate Sale, one 25 ton Ammonia Compressor by Messrs. L. Stern & Co., Ltd., of Glasgow, with 100 B.H.P. electric Motor, R.P.M. 730, by Messrs. Crompton Parkinson, England. For full particulars, apply to A. Majeed Paul, Catering Contractor, N. S. Railway, Secunderabad, Deccan. (6492)

For Sale. W. I. Plate's Ball Mills, size 4' x 4' and Chonical Jacket for steam and soap mixing tank. India Welding & Engineering Works, 11, Sukhlaji St., Bombay 8. (6294)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY

ARTISTS OF BOMBAY are reminded to send their pictures to the Salon of the Bombay Art Society, 6, Rampart Row, Bombay, before Saturday the 19th instant for a formal opening on Wednesday, the 23rd. Pictures for subsequent displays may be sent between 10 a.m.—2 p.m. and 4 p.m.—7 p.m. from 8th August, 1947. (4435)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 23-7-47 for the supply of Groundnut Oil from 1-8-47 at the Railway Grainshops at Manmad, Igatpuri, Nasik and Nandgaon. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (4395)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

TENDER NOTICE

TENDER No. S|SP|152|A for supply of Ashpans and Smoke Boxes due to be opened on 4|8|47 should be treated as cancelled.

GENERAL MANAGER. (4436)

GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT

B. B. & C. I. RLY.

QUOTATIONS returnable by 16 hrs. on 24-7-47, are invited on Railway's form for the supply of the following commodities from the merchants possessing the necessary trade licences.

For quantities, terms and deliveries and other condition please apply to the Asst. Controller of Grainshops, Church Gate, Bombay, at any time during working hours.

Earnest Money amounting to 5% of the total value tendered for should be deposited with the Treasurer Broad Guage, Bombay, and the receipt thereof, attached to the tender form.

COMMODITIES.

1. Pulses.
2. Edible Oils.
3. Spices.
4. Potatoes.
5. Onions.

(4437)

LOSS OF DOCUMENT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that some days aga my client Miss MOTA RUSTOMJI PAWRI has LOST the Original Conveyance, dated 14th September, 1946, from Mr. Edward alias Eleazar Joseph Solomon to my client. It relates to immovable property at Bandra bearing No. 6-A of Chapel Road, Survey No. 297 Hissa No. 1 (part) and Survey No. 299, Hissa No. 2, part, area 618 square yards. It was lost some where on the Road while my client was passing between Dhobi Talao and Chira Bazar at Bombay.

Any person who has found this document is requested to deliver it to me at my office at Alli Chambers, 4th Floor, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, or at my residence at Vaidya Cottage, Park Road, Vile Parle, Bombay, within four days from the Publication of this notice. My client will pay a suitable reward to the person who will deliver the original document as above.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1947.

K. K. VAIDYA,
Solicitor for
Miss Mota R. Pawri.

(4442)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Central Technical Power Board,
"CLEREMONT"
The Mall, Simla.

ELECTRIFICATION OF PORT BLAIR HEAD-QUARTERS AREA.

TENDERS are invited from responsible firms for the supply and erection of overhead and underground mains, transformers, switchgear, street lighting equipment, etc., for the above scheme.

2. Copies of specifications, drawings, etc., may be had on application to the Chairman, Central Technical Power Board, "Cleremont", Simla S. W. on payment of Rs. 15/- per set.

3. The tenders should be submitted in triplicate in a sealed cover addressed to Mr. W. L. Voorduin, Chairman, Central Technical Power Board, "Celemont", Simla S.W. so as to reach him not later than 4 P.M. on Thursday, the 14th August, 1947.

4. Tenders will be opened at 10-30 A.M. on Friday the 15th August, 1947, at the office of the Central Technical Power Board in the presence of such of the tenderers as may desire to be present.

5. The Chief Commissioner, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order of the Board,
M. M. DHAWAN,
B.A., LL.B.,
Assistant Secretary.

(4434)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Kailash Hills Herb (Regd.) relieves Asthma radically by one dose to be taken on 2-8-47 (full moon). Note:—Mr. Shambhu Dyal Naib Dewan and Judge, Makrai State, writes that 18 out of 20 patients cured by this wonderful Herb. Apply to Brahmachari G. Das, Shri Sidh Brahmacharya Sewa Ashram P.O. Chitrakot, U.P. (6505)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE BANKS' ASSOCIATION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a full-time Secretary for the Association on Rs. 150-25-250. The candidate must be a Commerce Graduate with Banking experience. Preference will be given to one possessing previous experience of secretarial work and office correspondence. Any candidate called for interview will have to appear at his own expense and selected candidate will be on probation for six months.

Applications should be addressed to the Hon. Secretary of the Association, Post Box No. 472, Bombay, and should reach on or before the 25th July, 1947.

V. P. VARDE,
Hon. Secretary.

Bombay, 11th July, 1947. (4433)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 1133 Of 1947.

MANILAL HARJIVAN KOTAK, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Siri Road, Chaupaty, without the Fort of Bombay. .. Plaintiff.

v.

(1) JOHN V. B. SUKTHANKAR of Poona European Inhabitant residing at 7B, Flat No. 5, Tadiwalla Road, Poona. (2) LALNATH VISHNU SUKTHANKAR of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Shantaram House, Malabar Hill, without the Fort of Bombay and (3) Dr. MALINI, widow of Bhalchandra Sitaram Sukthankar also of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Shantaram House, Malabar Hill, without the Fort of Bombay. .. Defendants.

To

JOHN V. B. SUKTHANKAR, Esq., The 1st Defendant abovenamed.

and

LALNATH VISHNU SUKTHANKAR, Esq.,

The 2nd Defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has filed a Plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendants whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—

The Plaintiff prays that the purported rescission of the agreement of sale Ex. "B" is improper, invalid and not binding on the Plaintiff, the Defendants may be ordered and decreed to specifically perform the said Agreement for Sale Ex. "B" in respect of the property described in the Schedule annexed and marked "A" and to do all acts necessary to convey the said property free and clear of all encumbrances by getting in all outstanding estates with respect thereto and put the Plaintiff in possession thereof, the Defendants may be ordered and decreed to execute a Conveyance and Assignment by way of sale in respect of the said property and to execute all other writings and to do all acts and things necessary to be done for the specific performance of the said Agreement Ex. "B", in the alternative to prayers of the plaint the Defendants may be ordered and decreed to repay to the Plaintiff the sum of Rs. 5,000/- being the amount of earnest money lying with the Attorneys for the Defendants pending completion of the matter and a further sum of Rs. 50,000/- as and by way of damages for not specifically performing the said Agreement Ex. "B" as well as all costs, charges and expenses of and incidental to the said sale, the defendants may be ordered to pay to the Plaintiff costs of the suit and interest on judgment at four per cent per annum till payment, the Plaintiff may have such further and other relief as the nature of the case may require.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 29th day of July, 1947, at eleven O'clock, (Standard Time), in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate (O.S.) duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such question to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence, and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case and in particular for the Plaintiff the following documents:—

Witness SIR LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid. this 6th day of May 1947

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR, for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR, Sealer.

The 6th day of May, 1947.

Messrs. AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

(4439)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY
THE ELECTRIC GRID DEPARTMENT
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for Supply and Erection of Indoor Switchgear and Equipment for Surat Power House for South Gujarat Electric Grid Scheme and will be received in the Office of the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1, upto 5 p.m. on 22nd September, 1947.

Copy of Specification No. ELG. D.S. 6 regarding above and General Conditions of Contract can be had from the Office of the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1, on cash payment of Rs. 60/- which will be refunded on receipt of a 'bona fide' tender. Firms outside Bombay may, however, remit the amount to the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, direct by money order. If additional copies are required, and are available, they will be supplied on payment of Rs. 35/- per copy, which is non-returnable.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. B. ADVANI.
Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay.

4412

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 1856 of 1946.

BILASRAI JUHARMAL . Plaintiff.
vs.
Messrs. SENEFILDERS LITHO WORKS, a firm & Anr. .. Defendants.

POSTPONEMENT OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Auction Sale of the Machineries, etc., advertised in the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle", dated the 28th day of June, 1947, by the Commissioner, High Court, Bombay, has been POSTPONED. The adjourned date of the sale will be notified hereafter.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1947.

(Sd.) A. H. KIRTIKAR,
Commissioner.
(4440)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, WADI BUNDER, including G. N. Seeds, Cottonseeds, hirda, chillies, moong, cotton, salt, mohaseeds, carpets, cloth, bidi leaves, states, glasswares, shoe, chappals, soap, cycle parts, oil, grease, tins of rosin, oil, ghee, soda, etc., on WEDNESDAY, 30th inst. at noon (S.T.) under instructions from G.I.P. Rly. and in accordance with Section 55 & 56 of Indian Railways Act 9 of 1890.

Terms 50% deposit. Balance and delivery within 9-8-47.

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As previously advertised the sale of the property, bearing Street Nos. 26-30 at Chandanwadi will take place as stated above.

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Subhas Chandra Bose

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Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.